Amendments of the Rules for Classification of Steel Ships

(Development Review: For external opinion inquiry)

Pt. 8 Fire Protection and Fire Extinction



2021.09.

Machinery Rule Development Team

- (1) Effective date: 1 July 2022 (based on contract date for construction)
 - reflected of SOLAS II-2/19.4

Present	Amendment	Note
CHAPTER 12 CARRIAGE OF DANGEROUS GOODS	CHAPTER 12 CARRIAGE OF DANGEROUS GOODS	Note
Section 1 (omitted)	Section 1 (omitted)	
Section 2 Special Requirements	Section 2 Special Requirements	
201. Special requirements	201. Special requirements [See Guidance]	(amendment) - added [See Guidanc e]
Section 3 Document of Compliance 301. Document of Compliance [See Guidance]	Section 3 Document of Compliance	
⟨newly added⟩	The Administration shall provide the ship with an appropriate document as evidence of compliance of construction and equipment with the requirements of this chapter. Certification for dangerous goods, except solid dangerous goods in bulk, is not required for those cargoes specified as class 6.2 and 7 and dangerous goods in limited quantities and excepted quantities.	- reflected of SOLA S II-2/19.4

Amendments of the Rules / Guidance

Pt. 8 Protection and Fire Extinction



2021. 4

Hull Rule Development Team

Present

⟨Pt.8 Guidance⟩

CHAPTER 7 CONTAINMENT OF FIRE

Section 1 Thermal and Structural Boundaries

102. Passenger ships

1. ~ 5. (omitted)

(newly added)

Amendment

(Pt.8 Guidance)

CHAPTER 7 CONTAINMENT OF FIRE

Section 1 Thermal and Structural Boundaries

102. Passenger ships

- 1. ~ 5. (same as the present)

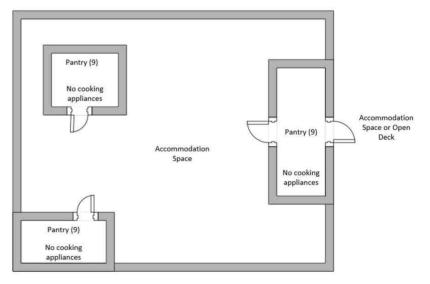


Fig 8.7.1 Example of isolated pantries containing no cooking appliances in accommodation spaces

Amendments of the Guidance relating to the Rules

(External Opinion Inquiry)

Pt. 8 Fire Protection and Fire Extinction



2021. 04.

Rule Development Team

- (1) Effective Date: 1 June 2021(based on contracted date for construction)
 - Reflection of internal request for rule revision

Present **Amendment** Note CHAPTER 7 CONTAINMENT OF CHAPTER 7 CONTAINMENT OF Section 1 Thermal and Structural Boundaries Section 1 Thermal and Structural Boundaries 102. Passenger ships 102. Passenger ships 1, ~ 5, (same as the present) 1. ~ 5. (omitted) 6. In applying 102.3(2) (B) 9 of the Rules, "Isolated pantries containing (newly added) no cooking appliances in accommodation spaces" are pantries enclosed in an accommodation space and are only accessible from accommodation spaces and/or open deck. For the purpose of this categorization. "accommodation space" is as defined in 103. 1 of the Rules. These pantries should not have communicating openings to spaces other than accommodation spaces, such as "main galley" in category @ (see Fig 8.7.1 of the Guidance). Pantry (9) No cooking appliances Accommodation Space or Open Pantry (9) Deck Accommodation No cooking appliances Pantry (9) No cooking appliances Fig 8.7.1 Example of isolated pantries containing no cooking appliances in accommodation spaces

Amendments of the Guidance relating to the Rules

(External Opinion Inquiry)

Pt. 8 Fire Protection and Fire Extinction



2022. 01.

Rule Development Team

Main Amendments

(1) Background of Amendment

- 1) Reflection of revision IACS UI SC64(requirement for fire damper of ventilation duct)
- 2) Correction of classification error for Ro-Ro space(vehicle deck space-) vehicle spaces)
- 3) Reflection of revision IACS UI SC126 Corr.1(Annex 8-1)

Present	Amendment	Note
CHAPTER 7 CONTAINMENT OF	CHAPTER 7 CONTAINMENT OF	
Section 1 ~ 5 (omitted)	Section 1 ~ 5 (same as the present)	
Section 6 Ventilation Systems	Section 6 Ventilation Systems	
601. ~ 602. (omitted)	601. ~ 602. (same as the present)	
603. Details of fire dampers and duct penetrations	603. Details of fire dampers and duct penetrations	
1. ~ 2. ⟨omitted⟩	1. ~ 2. (same as the present)	- Reflection of IAC
⟨newly added⟩ 605. ⟨omitted⟩	 3. In applying 603. 1 of the Rules, ducts or pipes with free sectional area of 0.075 m² or less need to be fitted with fire damper at their passage through Class "A" divisions in those cases indicated in 602, 2 and 3 of the Rules. The fire damper can be omitted if the duct is arranged in compliance with the requirements of 602. 4 (5) and (6) of the Rules. 605. (omitted) 	S UI SC 64 "Ducts or pipes with free sectional area of 0.075 m2 or less need to be fitted with fire damper at their passage through Class "A" divisions in those cases indicated in Regulations 9.7.2.2 and 9.7.2.3. The firedamper can be omitted if the duct is arranged in compliance with the requirements of 9.7.2.4. 2.1 and 9.7.2.4.2.2."

Present	Amendment	Note
CHAPTER 12 CARRIAGE OF DANGEROUS GOODS	CHAPTER 12 CARRIAGE OF DANGEROUS GOODS	
Section 1 General Requirements	Section 1 General Requirements	
101. General requirements	101. General requirements	- (correction of err
1. ~ 2. (omitted)	1. ~ 2. (omitted)	or) IACS UI SC 85
3. In applying 101. 2 (3) of the Rules, Ro-ro spaces include special category spaces and vehicle deck spaces;	3. In applying 101. 2 (3) of the Rules, Ro-ro spaces include special category spaces and vehicle spaces;	"Ro-ro spaces include special category spaces (Reg.3.46) and vehicle spaces (3.49)"
Section 2 (omitted)	Section 2 〈same as present〉	

Annex 8-1 Fire Protection Materials

1. Fire protection materials for Method IC (2020)

	Requirements for components Ch 3/Ch 4 of	Noncom bustible material	Noncom bustible material	Low flame spread	Equivale nt volume	Calorific value	Smoke product ion	Not readily ignite
Kind	the Rules Kinds of Components		Ch 3 201. 1.	Ch 3 202. 4.	Ch 3 202. 3. (1)	Ch 3 202. 2.	<u>Ch 4</u> <u>Sec 1</u>	<u>Ch 4</u> <u>Sec 2</u>
1	Moulding				0			
2	Panel	0						
3	Painted surface, veneer, fabric or foils			0	0	0	O ⁽²⁾	
4	Painted surface, veneer, fabric or foils			0	0	0	O ⁽²⁾	
5	Decoration				0			
6	Painted surface, veneer, fabric or foils				0	0	O ⁽²⁾	
7	Skirting board				0			
8	Insulation		O ⁽¹⁾					
9	Surfaces and paints in concealed or inaccessible spaces			0				
10	Draught stop	0						
11	Grounds and supports	0		0				
12	Lining	0						
13	Primary deck covering 1st layer						Q	0
14	Floor finishing			O ⁽³⁾			0	
15	Window box	0						
16	Window box surface			0	0	0	0	

Annex 8–1 Fire Protection Materials

1. Fire protection materials for Method IC (2020)

	Requirements for components Ch 3/Ch 4 of	Noncom bustible material	Noncom bustible material	Low flame spread	Equivale nt volume	Calorific value	Smoke product ion	Not readily ignite
Kind	the Rules	Ch 3 201. 2.	Ch 3 201. 1.	Ch 3 202. 4.	Ch 3 202. 3. (1)	Ch 3 202. 2.	<u>Ch 4</u>	<u>Ch 2</u> <u>304.</u>
1	Moulding				0			
2	Panel	0						
3	Painted surface, veneer, fabric or foils			0	0	0	O ⁽²⁾	
4	Painted surface, veneer, fabric or foils			0	0	0	O ⁽²⁾	
5	Decoration				0		<u>O</u>	
6	Painted surface, veneer, fabric or foils				0	0	O ⁽²⁾	
7	Skirting board				0			
8	Insulation		O ⁽¹⁾					
9	Surfaces and paints in concealed or inaccessible spaces			0				
10	Draught stop	0						
11	Grounds and supports	0		0				
12	Lining	0						
13	Primary deck covering 1st layer						<u>O⁽⁴⁾</u>	0
14	Floor finishing			O ⁽³⁾			0	
15	Window box	0						
16	Window box surface			0	0	0	0	

- (correction of err or) IACS UI SC 12 6(Rev.2 Corr.1)

Note

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	Requirements for components Ch 3/Ch 4 of	Noncomb ustible material	Noncomb ustible material	Low flame spread	Equivale nt volume	Calorific value	Smoke producti on	Not readily ignite
Kind	the Rules	Ch 3 201. 2.	Ch 3 201. 1.	Ch 3 202. 4.	Ch 3 202. 3. (1)	Ch 3 202. 2.	<u>Ch 4</u> <u>Sec 1</u>	<u>Ch 4</u> <u>Sec 2</u>
17	Window box surface in concealed or inaccessible spaces			0				
18	Ceiling panel	0						

NOTES:

- 1. Wherever "O" appears it means that the requirements are applicable.
- 2. The superscripts to "O" are as follows:
 - (1) Vapour barriers and adhesives used in conjunction with insulations, as well as the insulation of pipe fittings, for cold service systems, need not be of non-combustible materials, but their exposed surfaces are to have low flame-spread characteristics.
 - (2) Applicable to paints, varnishes and other finishes.
 - (3) Only in corridors and stairway enclosures.
 - Paints, varnishes and other finishes only applies to accommodation spaces, service spaces and control stations as well as stairway enclosures.
 - As far as window boxes construction is concerned, reference is also to be made MSC/Circ.917 and MSC/Circ.917 Add.1.
- 3. The number of components is referred to the following drawing. (see Fig Annex 8-1)

Amendment

Note

	Requirements for components Ch 3/Ch 4 of	Noncomb ustible material	Noncomb ustible material	Low flame spread	Equivale nt volume	Calorific value	Smoke producti on	Not readily ignite
Kind	the Rules	Ch 3 201. 2.	Ch 3 201. 1.	Ch 3 202. 4.	Ch 3 202. 3. (1)	Ch 3 202. 2.	<u>Ch 4</u>	<u>Ch 2</u> 304.
17	Window box surface in concealed or inaccessible spaces			0				
18	Ceiling panel	0						·

NOTES:

- 1. Wherever "O" appears it means that the requirements are applicable.
- 2. The superscripts to "O" are as follows:
 - (1) Vapour barriers and adhesives used in conjunction with insulations, as well as the insulation of pipe fittings, for cold service systems, need not be of non-combustible materials, but their exposed surfaces are to have low flame-spread characteristics.
 - (2) Applicable to paints, varnishes and other finishes.
 - (3) Only in corridors and stairway enclosures.
 - (4) Only in accommodation and service spaces and control stations
 - Paints, varnishes and other finishes only applies to accommodation spaces, service spaces and control stations as well as stairway enclosures.
 - As far as window boxes construction is concerned, reference is also to be made MSC/Circ.917 and MSC/Circ.917 Add.1.
- 3. The number of components is referred to the following drawing. (see Fig Annex 8-1)

	Present						Amendment								Note			
2. Fire protection materials for Method IIC and IIIC (2020)						2.	2. Fire protection materials for Method IIC and IIIC (2020)											
	Requirements for components Ch 3/Ch 4 of the Rules	Noncom bustible material	Noncom bustible material	Low flame spread	Equiva lent volume	Calorific value	Smoke product ion	Not readily ignite		Requirements for components Ch 3/Ch 4 of the Rules	Noncom bustible material	Noncom bustible material	Low flame spread	Equiva lent volume	Calorific value	Smoke product ion	Not readily ignite	- (correction of err or) IACS UI SC 12 6(Rev.2 Corr.1)
Kind	ds of Components	201. 2.	201. 1.	202. 4.	202. 3. (1)	202. 2.	Sec 1	Sec 2	Ki	inds of Components	201. 2.	201. 1.	202. 4.	202. 3. (1)	202. 2.	<u>Ch 4</u>	304.	
1	Moulding				O ₍₃₎				1	Moulding				O ₍₃₎				
2	Panel	O ⁽⁴⁾							2	Panel	O ⁽⁴⁾							
131	Painted surface, veneer, fabric or foils			0	0	0	O ⁽⁵⁾		3	Painted surface, veneer, fabric or foils			0	0	0	O ⁽⁵⁾		
4	Painted surface, veneer, fabric or foils			0	O ⁽³⁾	O ⁽²⁾	O ⁽⁵⁾		4	Painted surface, veneer, fabric or foils			0	O ⁽³⁾	O ⁽²⁾	O ⁽⁵⁾		
5	Decoration				O ⁽³⁾		0		5	Decoration				O ₍₃₎		0		
161	Painted surface, veneer, fabric or foils				O ⁽³⁾	O ⁽²⁾	O ⁽⁵⁾		6	Painted surface, veneer, fabric or foils				O ⁽³⁾	O ⁽²⁾	O ⁽⁵⁾		
7	Skirting board				O ⁽³⁾				7	Skirting board				O ⁽³⁾				
8	Insulation		O ⁽¹⁾						8	Insulation		O ⁽¹⁾						
9	Surfaces and paints in concealed or inaccessible spaces			0					9	Surfaces and paints in concealed or inaccessible spaces			0					
10	Draught stop	O ⁽⁴⁾							10	0 Draught stop	O ⁽⁴⁾							
11	Grounds and supports	O ⁽⁴⁾		0					1	1 Grounds and supports	O ⁽⁴⁾		0					
12	Lining	O ⁽⁴⁾							12	2 Lining	O ⁽⁴⁾							
13	Primary deck covering 1st						0	0	13	Primary deck covering 1st layer						<u>O</u> ⁽⁷⁾	0	
14	Floor finishing			O ⁽⁶⁾			0		14	4 Floor finishing			O ⁽⁶⁾			0		
15	Window box	O ⁽⁴⁾							15	5 Window box	O ⁽⁴⁾							
16	Window box surface			O ⁽³⁾	O ⁽³⁾	O ⁽²⁾	0		16	6 Window box surface			O ⁽³⁾	O ⁽³⁾	O ⁽²⁾	0		

the Rules Ch 3 Ch 3 Ch 3 Ch 3 Ch 4 Ch 4	Requirements for components Ch 3/Ch 4 of	Noncom bustible material	Noncom bustible material	Low flame spread	Equiva lent volume	Calorific value	Smoke product ion	Not readily ignite
17 concealed or inaccessible	the Rules			202.	202.	202.		<u>Ch 4</u> <u>Sec 2</u>
	17 concealed or inaccessible			0				

Present

NOTES:

18 Ceiling panel

- 1. Wherever "O" appears it means that the requirements are applicable.
- 2. The superscripts to "O" are as follows:
 - (1) Vapour barriers and adhesives used in conjunction with insulations, as well as the insulation of pipe fittings, for cold service systems, need not be of non-combustible materials, but their exposed surfaces are to have low flame-spread characteristics.
 - (2) Where the material is fitted on non-combustible bulkheads, ceiling and lining in accommodation and service spaces.
 - (3) To be applied to those accommodation and service spaces bounded by non-combustible bulkheads, ceiling and linings.
 - (4) Only in corridors and stairway enclosures serving accommodation and service spaces and control stations.
 - (5) Applicable to paints, varnishes and other finishes.
 - (6) Only in corridors and stairway enclosures.
 - Paints, varnishes and other finishes only applies to accommodation spaces, service spaces and control stations as well as stairway enclosures.
 - As far as window boxes construction is concerned, reference is also to be made MSC/Circ.917 and MSC/Circ.917 Add.1.
- The number of components is referred to the following drawing. (see Fig Annex 8-1)

Requirements for components Ch 3/Ch 4 or	Noncom bustible material	Noncom bustible material	Low flame spread	Equiva lent volume	Calorific value	Smoke product ion	Not readily ignite
the Rules Kinds of Components	Ch 3 201. 2.	Ch 3 201. 1.	Ch 3 202. 4.	Ch 3 202. 3. (1)	Ch 3 202. 2.	<u>Ch 4</u>	<u>Ch 2</u> 304.
Window box surface in 17 concealed or inaccessible spaces			0				

Amendment

Note

NOTES:

18 Ceiling panel

- 1. Wherever "O" appears it means that the requirements are applicable.
- 2. The superscripts to "O" are as follows:
 - (1) Vapour barriers and adhesives used in conjunction with insulations, as well as the insulation of pipe fittings, for cold service systems, need not be of non-combustible materials, but their exposed surfaces are to have low flame-spread characteristics.
 - (2) Where the material is fitted on non-combustible bulkheads, ceiling and lining in accommodation and service spaces.
 - (3) To be applied to those accommodation and service spaces bounded by non-combustible bulkheads, ceiling and linings.
 - (4) Only in corridors and stairway enclosures serving accommodation and service spaces and control stations.
 - (5) Applicable to paints, varnishes and other finishes.
 - (6) Only in corridors and stairway enclosures.
 - (7) Only in accommodation and service spaces and control stations
 - Paints, varnishes and other finishes only applies to accommodation spaces, service spaces and control stations as well as stairway enclosures.
 - As far as window boxes construction is concerned, reference is also to be made MSC/Circ.917 and MSC/Circ.917 Add.1.
- 3. The number of components is referred to the following drawing. (see Fig Annex 8-1)

Amendments of the Guidance Relating to the Rules for Classification of Steel Ships

(For External opinion inquiry)

Pt. 8 Fire Protection and Fire Extinction



2022.1.

Machinery Rule Development Team

- (1) Effective date: 1 July 2022 (based on contract date for construction)
 - reflected of IACS UI SC159 Corr.1: Reference document updated
 - reflected of IACS UI SC147 Rev.2: Interretation of fire door updated
 - reflected of IACS UI SC169 Rev.1: Interpretation of the locations of the foam monitors for deck foam system
 - reflected of HUT4000-3095-2021: Reference document for type approval of portable fire extinguisher updated
 - reflected of IACS UR M75 Rev.1: Clarification made for ventilation of Em'cy generator room
 - reflected of IACS UI SC42 Rev.3: Reference document updated
 - reflected of IACS UI SC43 Rev.3 : Reference document updated
 - reflected of IACS UI SC57
 - reflected of IACS UI SC70
 - reflected of IACS UI SC79
 - reflected of IACS UR F46

Present Amendment Note CHAPTER 3 FIRE GROWTH CHAPTER 3 FIRE GROWTH Section 1 Control of Air Supply and Flammable Liquid to The Spaces Section 1 Control of Air Supply and Flammable Liquid to The Spaces 101. Closing appliances and stopping devices of ventilation 101. Closing appliances and stopping devices of ventilation 1. & 2. (Omitted) 1. & 2. (Omitted) 3. In applying 101, 1 of the Rules, emergency generator rooms 3. In applying 101, 1 of the Rules, emergency generator rooms are to be provided with ventilation openings for the admission are to be provided with ventilation openings for the admission of combustion air to engines and the removal of heat. These of combustion air to engines and the removal of heat. These openings are usually provided with louvers which can be closed openings are usually provided with louvers which can be closed (when fire breaks out in emergency generator rooms). (when fire breaks out in emergency generator rooms). The lou-The louvers may be hand operated or power operated. vers may be hand operated or power operated. Alternatively. Alternatively, the louvers may be of fixed type with a closing the louvers may be of fixed type with a closing door which may be hand operated or automatic. (2021) door which may be hand operated or automatic. (2021) (Amendment) The following requirements apply to ventilation louvers for The following requirements apply to ventilation louvers for - reflected of IA emergency generator rooms and to closing appliances where emergency generator rooms and to closing appliances where fitted to ventilators serving emergency generator rooms: CS UR M75 R fitted to ventilators serving emergency generator rooms: ev.1 (1) Ventilation louvers and closing appliances may either be the following requirements apply to closable ventilation louvers hand-operated or power-operated (hydraulic / pneumatic / and ventilator closing appliances serving emergency generator electric) and are to be operable under a fire condition. rooms, where fitted. (2022) (2) Hand-operated ventilation louvers and closing appliances are (1) Ventilation louvers and closing appliances may either be to be kept open during normal operation of the vessel. hand-operated or power-operated (hydraulic / pneumatic / Corresponding instruction plates are to be provided at the electric) and are to be operable under a fire condition. location where hand-operation is provided. (2) Hand-operated ventilation louvers and closing appliances are (3) Power-operated ventilation louvers and closing appliances to be kept open during normal operation of the vessel. shall be of a fail-to-open type. Closed ventilation louvers Corresponding instruction plates are to be provided at the and closing appliances are acceptable during normal operlocation where hand-operation is provided. ation of the vessel. Power-operated ventilation louvers and (3) Power-operated ventilation louvers and closing appliances closing appliances shall open automatically whenever the shall be of a fail-to-open type. Closed power-operated venemergency generator is starting / in operation. tilation louvers and closing appliances are acceptable during (4) **(Omitted)** normal operation of the vessel. Power-operated ventilation louvers and closing appliances shall open automatically whenever the emergency generator is starting / in operation. (2022) (4) (Omitted)

Present	Amendment	Note
CHAPTER 5 DETECTION AND Section 1 General	CHAPTER 5 DETECTION AND ALARM Section 1 General	
101. General requirements	101. General requirements	
 In applying 101. 1 of the Rules, fixed fire detection and fire alarm system are to be type approved by the Society and are also to be complied with the following requirements. [See Rule] 	1. In applying 101. 1 of the Rules, fixed fire detection and fire alarm system are to be type approved by the Society and are also to be complied with the following requirements. [See Rule]	
(1) In applying Ch 9, 2.1.6.4 of the FSS Code, the requirement that a system be so arranged to ensure that any fault occurring in the loop will not render the whole loop ineffective, is considered satisfied when a fault occurring in the loop only renders ineffective a part of the loop not be-	(1) ~ (4) (Omitted) (5) In applying Ch 9, 2.1.2.4.3 of the FSS Code, watertight doors complying with Reg.II-1/16 which also serve as fire doors are not to close automatically in case of fire detection. (2022)	
ing larger than a section of a system without means of remotely identifying each detector. (2) In applying Ch 9, 2.2.4 of the FSS Code, the '30 minutes'	uetection. (2022)	(Amendment) - reflected of IA
means the last 30 minutes of the periods required under SOLAS Reg. II-1/42 and II-1/43 (18 hours for cargo ships and 36 hours for passenger ships). (2018)		CS UI SC 147 Rev.2
(3) Power supply to the alarm sounder system when not an integral part of the detection system specified in Ch 9, 2.5.1.1 of the FSS Code.		
(A) There are to be not less than two sources of power supply for the alarm sounder system used in the operation of the fixed fire detection and fire alarm system,		
one of which is to be an emergency source of power. (B) In vessels required by SOLAS Reg. II -1/42 and 43 to be provided with a transitional source of emergency		
electrical power, the alarm sounder system is to be powered from this power source.		
(4) A space in which a cargo control console is installed, but does not serve as a dedicated cargo control room(e.g. ship's office, machinery control room), is to be regarded as		
a cargo control room for the purposes of Ch 9, 2.5.1.3 of the FSS Code, as amended by IMO Res.MSC.339(91) , and		
therefore be provided with an additional indicating unit. (2017)	- 4 -	

D .	Λ Ι Ι	N.L.
Present	Amendment	Note
CHAPTER 8 FIRE FIGHTING	CHAPTER 8 FIRE FIGHTING	
Section 2 Portable Fire Extinguisher	Section 2 Portable Fire Extinguisher	(Amendment)
201. Portable fire extinguisher [See Rule]	201. Portable fire extinguisher [See Rule]	- reflected of HUT4
 All fire extinguishers shall be of approved types and designs based on the guidelines Res. A. 602(15) developed by the IMO. 	 All fire extinguishers shall be of approved types and designs based on the guidelines Res. A. 602(15)951(23) developed by the IMO. 	000-3095-2021
Section 3 Fire-extinguishing Arrangements In Cargo Spaces	Section 3 Fire-extinguishing Arrangements In Cargo Spaces	
601. Fixed gas fire-extinguishing systems for general cargo (2018) [See Rule]	601. Fixed gas fire-extinguishing systems for general cargo (2018) [See Rule]	
⟨Omitted⟩	⟨Omitted⟩	
3. In applying 601. 4 of the Rule, "cargoes which constitute a low fire risk" means that all cargoes listed in appendix 1, entry for coal of the IMSBC Code and the lists of solid bulk cargoes for which a fixed gas fire-extinguishing system may be exempted of for which a fixed gas fire-extinguishing system is in effective(MSC.1/Circ.1395/Rev.4). (2021)	3. In applying 601. 4 of the Rule, "cargoes which constitute a low fire risk" means that all cargoes listed in appendix 1, entry for coal of the IMSBC Code and the lists of solid bulk cargoes for which a fixed gas fire-extinguishing system may be exempted of for which a fixed gas fire-extinguishing system is in effective(the latest version of MSC.1/Circ.1395/Rev.4). (2021)(2022)	(Amendment) - reflected of IACS UI SC 159 Corr.1 and the expressio n is in-lined.
602. Fixed gas fire-extinguishing systems for dangerous goods [See Rule] In applying 601. 4 of the Rules, all cargo ships, are to be applied the requirement, engaged in the carriage of dangerous goods, of 500 tons gross tonnage and above. And water supplies defined in Ch 12, 201. 1 (2) of the Rules are considered as acceptable protection for cargoes listed in Table 2 of MSC.1/Circ.1395/Rev.3. (2019)	602. Fixed gas fire-extinguishing systems for dangerous goods [See Rule] In applying 601. 4 of the Rules, all cargo ships, are to be applied the requirement, engaged in the carriage of dangerous goods, of 500 tons gross tonnage and above. And water supplies defined in Ch 12, 201. 1 (2) of the Rules are considered as acceptable protection for cargoes listed in Table 2 of the latest version of MSC.1/Circ.1395/Rev.3. (2019)(2022)	

Present	Amendment	Note
CHAPTER 8 FIRE FIGHTING	CHAPTER 8 FIRE FIGHTING	
Section 7 Cargo Tank Protection	Section 7 Cargo Tank Protection	
701. Fixed deck foam systems [See Rule]	701. Fixed deck foam systems [See Rule]	
Fixed deck foam systems is also to be complied as follows.	Fixed deck foam systems is also to be complied as follows.	
 In applying Ch 14, 2.1.2 of the FSS Code, the major equipment such as the foam concentrate tank and the pump may be located in the engine room. 	1. In applying Ch 14, 2.1.2 of the FSS Code, the major equipment such as the foam concentrate tank and the pump may be located in the engine room.	
2. In applying Ch 14, 2.1.3 of the FSS Code, where the deck foam system is supplied by a common line from the fire main, a common line for fire main and deck foam line can only be accepted provided it can be demonstrated that the hose nozzles can be effectively controlled by one person when supplied from the common line at a pressure needed for operation of the monitors.	2. In applying Ch 14, 2.1.3 of the FSS Code, where the deck foam system is supplied by a common line from the fire main, a common line for fire main and deck foam line can only be accepted provided it can be demonstrated that the hose nozzles can be effectively controlled by one person when supplied from the common line at a pressure needed for operation of the monitors.	(According and
 3. In applying Ch 14, 2.3.2.3 of the FSS Code, port and starboard monitors required may be located in the cargo area above oil bunker tanks adjacent to cargo tanks if capable of protecting the deck below and aft of each other. 4. Where an enclosed pipe trunk is situated within the cargo tanks deck area, the pipe trunk: 	3. In applying Ch 14, 2.3.2.3 of the FSS Code, port and starboard monitors required may be located in the cargo area above oil bunker tanks adjacent to cargo tanks if capable of protecting the deck below and aft of each other. the port and starboard monitors required may be located in the cargo area above oil bunker tanks adjacent to cargo tanks if capable of protecting the deck below and aft of each other. (2022)	(Amendment) - reflected of IACS UI SC 169 and cl arification made
 (1) should be protected by a fixed fire-extinguishing system in accordance with 801. of the Rules. The extinguishing system should be operated from a readily accessible position outside the pipe trunk; (2) is not considered part of the cargo tanks deck area; (3) The area of the pipe trunk need not be included in the calculation of the foam solution rate of supply for the deck foam system required by 701. of the Rules.; (4) should be adequately ventilated and protected in accordance with Ch 2, 410. 2, 3 of the Rules.; and (5) should contain no flammable gas sources other than pipes and flanges. If the pipe trunk contains any other source of flammable gas, i.e. valves and pumps, it should be regarded as a cargo pump-room. 	 4. Where an enclosed pipe trunk is situated within the cargo tanks deck area, the pipe trunk: (1) should be protected by a fixed fire-extinguishing system in accordance with 801. of the Rules. The extinguishing system should be operated from a readily accessible position outside the pipe trunk; (2) is not considered part of the cargo tanks deck area; (3) The area of the pipe trunk need not be included in the calculation of the foam solution rate of supply for the deck foam system required by 701. of the Rules.; (4) should be adequately ventilated and protected in accordance with Ch 2, 410. 2, 3 of the Rules.; and (5) should contain no flammable gas sources other than pipes and flanges. If the pipe trunk contains any other source of flammable gas, i.e. valves and pumps, it should be regarded as a cargo pump-room. 	

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Present	Amendment	Note
CHAPTER 13 PROTECTION OF VEHICLE SPECIAL CATEGORY AND RO-RO SPACES	CHAPTER 13 PROTECTION OF VEHICLE SPECIAL CATEGORY AND RO-RO SPACES	
Section 2 Precaution against ignition of flammable vapours in closed vehicle spaces closed ro-ro spaces and special category spaces	Section 2 Precaution against ignition of flammable vapours in closed vehicle spaces closed ro-ro spaces and special category spaces	
202. Electrical equipment and wiring [See Rule]	202. Electrical equipment and wiring (2022) [See Rule]	
 In applying 202. 1 and 203. of the Rules, the electrical equipment "a type suitable for use in explosive petrol and air mixture" is to be of certified safe type and wiring, if fitted, and is to be suitable for use in Zone 1 areas as defined in IEC 60079(Gas Group IIA, and Temperature Class T3), and ventilation fan of non-sparking type is to be provided and complied with the requirements specified in Ch 3, 104. of the Rules. The windlass and opening for chain lockers are to be regarded as sources of ignition. In applying 202. 2 of the Rules, "electrical equipment of a type so enclosed and protected as to prevent the escape of sparks" means a certified safe equipment with an enclosure of at least IP55 or suitable for use in Zone 2 areas as defined in IEC 60079. 	 In applying 202. 1 and 203. of the Rules, the electrical equipment "a type suitable for use in explosive petrol and air mixture" is to be of certified safe type and wiring, if fitted, and is to be suitable for use in Zone 1 areas as defined in IEC 60079(Gas Group IIA, and Temperature Class T3), the electrical equipment "shall be of a type suitable for use in explosive petrol and air mixtures", "shall be of a type approved for use in explosive petrol and air mixtures" means to be realized by requiring certified safe equipment suitable for use in Zone 1 areas as defined in IEC 60079–10–1:2015 (Gas Group IIA and Temperature Class T3) (Refer to IEC 60079–14:2013 for types of protection suitable for use in Zone 1 areas), and ventilation fan of non-sparking type is to be provided and complied with the requirements specified in Ch 3, 104. of the Rules. The windlass and opening for chain lockers are to be regarded as sources of ignition. In applying 202. 2 of the Rules, "electrical equipment of a type so enclosed and protected as to prevent the escape of sparks" means a certified safe equipment with an enclosure of at least IP55 or suitable for use in Zone 2 areas as defined in IEC 60079. means to be realized by requiring an enclosure of at least IP55, or apparatus suitable for use in Zone 2 areas as defined in IEC 60079–10–1:2015. Refer to IEC 60079–14:2013 for types of protection suitable for use in Zone 2 areas. 	(Amendment) - reflected of IACS UI SC 43 (Amendment) - reflected of IACS UI SC 42

CHAPTER 2 PROBABILITY OF IGNITION	
Section 4 Cargo Areas of Tankers	
Section 4 Cargo Areas of Tankers 103. Cargo tank venting (Omitted) 3. In applying 403. 4 (1) of the Rules, electrical equipment or cables shall not normally be installed in hazardous areas. Where essential for operational purposes, electrical equipment may be installed in accordance with IEC 60092-502 and the classes of hazardous areas are to be referred to Pt 7, Ch 1, 1101. 2 of the Rules. In applying 403. 4 (1) (C) and (D) of the Rules, electrical equipment fitted in compliance with IEC 60092-502:1999 is not considered a source of ignition or ignition hazard. (2022) [See Rule]	(Amendment) - reflected of IACS UI SC 57 and del etion of wrongly i nserted regulatio n.
ŀ	Section 4 Cargo Areas of Tankers 3. Cargo tank venting (Omitted) 3. In applying 403. 4 (1) of the Rules, electrical equipment or cables shall not normally be installed in hazardous areas. Where essential for operational purposes, electrical equipment may be installed in accordance with IEC 60092 502 and the classes of hazardous areas are to be referred to Pt 7, Ch 1, 1101. 2 of the Rules. In applying 403. 4 (1) (C) and (D) of the Rules, electrical equipment fitted in compliance with IEC 60092-502:1999 is not considered a source of ignition or ig-

Present	Amendment	Note
CHAPTER 9 STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY	CHAPTER 9 STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY	
Section 5 Protection of Cargo Tank Structure Against Pressure Or Vacuum In Tankers	Section 5 Protection of Cargo Tank Structure Against Pressure Or Vacuum In Tankers	
502. Openings for small flow by thermal variations [See Rule] Electrical equipment or cables shall not normally be installed in hazardous areas. Where essential for operational purposes, electrical equipment may be installed in accordance with IEC 60092–502 and the classes of hazardous areas are to be referred to Pt 7, Ch 1, 1101. 2 of the Rules.	[See Rule] Electrical equipment or cables shall not normally be installed in hazardous areas. Where essential for operational purposes, electrical equipment may be installed in accordance with IEC 60092-502 and the classes of hazardous areas are to be referred to Pt 7, Ch 1, 1101. 2 of the Rules. Area Classification is to be carried out in accordance with the principles laid down in IEC 60092-502:1999 and the classes of hazardous areas are to be referred to Pt 7, Ch 1, 1101. 2 of the Rules. (1) Areas on open deck, or semi-enclosed spaces on open deck, within a vertical cylinder of unlimited height and 6m radius centred upon the centre of the outlet, and within a hemisphere of 6m radius below the outlet which permit the flow of large volumes of vapour, or gas mixtures during loading/discharging/ballasting are defined as Zone 1 as specified by IEC 60092-502:1999 para 4.2.2.8. (2) Areas within 4m beyond the zone specified in (1) above are defined as Zone 2 as specified by IEC 60092-502:1999 para 4.2.3.2. (3) Electrical equipment or cables shall not normally be installed in hazardous areas. Where essential for operational purposes, electrical equipment may be installed in accordance with IEC 60092-502:1999.	(Amendment) - reflected of IACS UI SC 70 with ori ginal sentences.

Amendment	Note
CHAPTER 12 CARRIAGE OF DANGEROUS GOODS	
Section 2 Special Requirements	
201. Special requirements	
⟨Omitted⟩	
2. Source of ignition (2002) [See Rule]	
The electrical equipment are to be complied with the following requirements. (1) The electrical equipment provided in the enclosed cargo spaces or vehicle spaces which are regarded as hazardous environment of the provided by the Society taking into account the requirements of IMDG Code. However, even electrical equipment not approved by the Society may be provided in the above-mentioned spaces if they are of IP55 or equivalent, provided in the above-mentioned spaces if they are of IP55 or equivalent, provided in the above-mentioned spaces if they are of IP55 or equivalent, provided in the above-mentioned spaces if they are of IP55 or equivalent, provided in the above-mentioned spaces if they are of IP55 or equivalent, provided in the above-mentioned spaces. (2) In case where electric cables, which are used while dangerous substances are loaded likely to evolve explosive mixture gas are arranged in cargo spaces, the following requirements are to apply: (A) Cables are to be mineral-insulated copper sheathed cables, lead sheathed and armoured cables or non-metal sheathed a armoured cables. (B) Through runs of cables and those led to electrical equipment installed in cargo spaces are to be protected by metal covings or the like. (3) For electrical equipment other than specified in (A) and (B) above, refer to IEC 60092–506:2003. (4) the following requirements are to be regarded as sources of ignition, and they are not to be installed in the proximity of openings of ventilation for cargo spaces: (A) Electrical equipment other than those of safe type approved for use in hazardous environment (B) Windlasses and openings for chain lockers (5) Reference is to be made to IEC 60092–506:2003. Special features—Ships carrying specific dangerous goods and materials hardous only in bulk. (6) For pipes having open ends(e.g., ventilation and bilge pipes, etc.) in hazardous area, the pipe itself is to be classified as hazardous area. See IEC 60092–506:2003 table B1, item B). (7) When carrying flammable liquids having fl	p- ed es, nd er- he (Amendment) - reflected of IACS UI SC 79 d- ith ith ic.) ally cal ng er-

Present	Amendment	Note
		INOLE
CHAPTER 8 FIRE FIGHTING	CHAPTER 8 FIRE FIGHTING	
Section 3 Fixed Fire-extinguishing Systems 301. Types of fixed fire extinguishing systems	Section 3 Fixed Fire-extinguishing Systems 301. Types of fixed fire extinguishing systems	
 In applying 301. 1 (1) of the Rules, fixed gas fire-extinguishing system is also to be complied with as follows. [See Rule] Spare parts for the fixed gas fire-extinguishing system specified in Ch 5, 2.1.2.3 of the FSS Code are to be stored on board as below (A) ~ (C) (Omitted) In applying Ch 5, 2.1.2.6 of the FSS Code, these requirements may be checked by suitable calculations. Fixed gas fire-extinguishing systems for machinery spaces and cargo pump rooms, whose agent containers are stored within the area it protects are to comply with the following requirements. (A) ~ (C) (Omitted) In applying Ch 5, 2.2.1.7 of the FSS Code, the "quantity of gas" means that quantity required for the largest cargo space in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 2.1.1.1 of chapter 5. (2018) The requirements in Ch 5, 2.2.2 of the FSS Code apply to the spaces identified in Ch 5, 2.1.3.2 of the FSS Code. Conventional cargo spaces specified in Ch 5, 2.1.3.2 of the FSS Code means cargo spaces other than ro-ro spaces or container holds equipped with integral reefer containers, and they need not be provided with means for automatically giving audible and visual warning of th release. In applying Ch 5, 2.2.3 of the FSS Code, after installation, all pipes are to be tested with working pressure. From main isolating value to discharge nozzles also should be tested at a pressure of not less than 7 bar. 	 In applying 301. 1 (1) of the Rules, fixed gas fire-extinguishing system is also to be complied with as follows. [See Rule] Spare parts for the fixed gas fire-extinguishing system specified in Ch 5, 2.1.2.3 of the FSS Code are to be stored on board as below (A) ~ (C) (Omitted) In applying Ch 5, 2.1.2.6 of the FSS Code, these requirements may be checked by suitable calculations. Fixed gas fire-extinguishing systems for machinery spaces and cargo pump rooms, whose agent containers are stored within the area it protects are to comply with the following requirements. (A) ~ (C) (Omitted) In applying Ch 5, 2.2.1.7 of the FSS Code, the "quantity of gas" means that quantity required for the largest cargo space in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 2.1.1.1 of chapter 5. (2018) The requirements in Ch 5, 2.2.2 of the FSS Code apply to the spaces identified in Ch 5, 2.1.3.2 of the FSS Code. Conventional cargo spaces specified in Ch 5, 2.1.3.2 of the FSS Code means cargo spaces other than ro-ro spaces or container holds equipped with integral reefer containers, and they need not be provided with means for automatically giving audible and visual warning of th release. In applying Ch 5, 2.2.3 of the FSS Code, after installation, all pipes are to be tested with working pressure. From main isolating value to discharge nozzles also should be tested at a pressure of not less than 7 bar. Where a low-pressure CO2 system is fitted, the piping 	(Amendment)
	system is to be designed in such a way that the CO ₂ pressure at the nozzles should not be less than 1 N/mm ² . (2022)	- reflected of IACS UR F46

Amendments of the Guidance Relating to the Rules for Classification of Steel Ships

(Development Review: For external opinion inquiry)

Pt. 8 Fire Protection and Fire Extinction



2021.09.

Machinery Rule Development Team

- (1) Effective date: 1 January 2022 (based on contract date for construction)
 - reflected of IACS UI SC17 (Rev.3 Nov 2020) amendment
 - reflected of IACS UI SC87 (Rev.2 Mar 2021) amendment
 - reflected of IACS UI SC91(Rev.1 Corr.1 Nov 2020) amendment
 - reflected of IACS UI SC128 deletion
 - reflected of IACS UI SC 62 (Rev.2 Dec 2020) amendment
- (2) Effective date: 1 July 2022 (based on contract date for construction)
 - reflected of Request for establishment or revision of Classification Technical Rules_ULS4700-279-2021

Present	Amendment	Note
CHAPTER 1 GENERAL Section 1 General 101. ~ 102. (omitted) 103. Definitions 1. ~ 4. (omitted) 5. In applying 103. 18 of the Rules, the following are to be included. [See Rule] (1) Spaces containing, for instance, the following battery sources should be regarded as control stations regardless of the battery capacity: (A) Emergency batteries in separate battery room for power supply from black-out until start of emergency generator; (B) Emergency batteries in separate battery room as reserve source of energy to radio telegraph installation; (C) Batteries for start of emergency generator; and (D) In principle, all emergency batteries required in pur-	CHAPTER 1 GENERAL Section 1 General 101. ~ 102. (same as the present) 103. Definitions 1.~ 4. (same as the present) 5. In applying 103. 18 of the Rules, the following are to be included. (2022) [See Rule] (1) Main navigational equipment includes, in particular, the steering stand and the compass, radar and direction-finding equipment. (2) Steering gear rooms containing an emergency steering position are not considered to be control stations. (3) Where in the regulations of this Part relevant to fixed fire-extinguishing systems there are no specific requirements for the centralization within a control station of major components of a system, such major components may be placed in spaces which are not considered to be a con-	Note (amendment) - IACS UI SC17 (Re v.3 Nov 2020)
 (D) In principle, all emergency batteries required in pursuance of the related provisions of Pt 6, Ch 1 to the Rules. (2) Main navigational equipment includes, in particular, the steering stand and the compass, radar and direction-finding equipment. However, steering gear rooms containing an emergency steering position are not considered to be control stations. (3) Where in the fixed fire-extinguishing systems there are no specific requirements for the centralization within a control station of major components of a system, such major components may be placed in spaces which are not considered to be a control station. 	be placed in spaces which are not considered to be a control station. (4) Spaces containing, for instance, the following battery sources should be regarded as control stations regardless of the battery capacity: (A) Emergency batteries in separate battery room for power supply from black-out until start of emergency generator; (B) Emergency batteries in separate battery room as reserve source of energy to radio telegraph installation; (C) Batteries for start of emergency generator; and (D) In principle, all emergency batteries required in pursuance of the related provisions of Pt 6, Ch 1 to the Rules.	

Present	Amendment	Note
CHAPTER 4 SMOKE GENERATION POTENTIAL AND TOXICITY	CHAPTER 4 SMOKE GENERATION POTENTIAL AND TOXICITY	
Section 2 Primary Deck Coverings	Section 2 Primary Deck Coverings	
201. Primary deck coverings [See Rule]	201. Primary deck coverings [See Rule]	
"Primary deck coverings" means the first combustible layer of a floor construction which is applied directly on the top of deck plating and is inclusive of any primary coat, anti-corrosive compound or adhesive which is necessary to provide protection or adhesion to the deck plating. In this case, "the first layer" means the materials forming deck covering excluding "A" class deck (including insulation materials), non-combustible materials and fire retardant surface floorings. Finishes such as plastic tile and latex used as primary deck covering are also to comply with IMO Res. A.687(17).	floor construction which is applied directly on the top of deck plating and is inclusive of any primary coat, anti-corrosive compound or adhesive which is necessary to provide protection or adhesion to the deck plating. In this case, "the first layer"	(amendment) -ULS4700-279-2021 (ameded by MSC Res. 61(67))
CHAPTER 12 CARRIAGE OF DANGEROUS GOODS	CHAPTER 12 CARRIAGE OF DANGEROUS GOODS	
Section 2 Special Requirements	Section 2 Special Requirements	
201. Special requirements	201. Special requirements [See Rule]	

Present	Amendment	Note
 7. ~ 5. (omitted) 6. Personnel protection [See Rule] (1) In applying 201. 6 (1) of the Rules, for solid bulk cargoes the protective clothing is to satisfy the equipment requirements specified in the respective schedules of the IMSBC Code for the individual substances. For packaged goods the protective clothing is to satisfy the equipment requirements specified in emergency procedures(EmS) of the Supplement to IMDG Code for the individual substances. 7. ~ 9. (omitted) 	 7. ~ 5. (same as the present) 6. Personnel protection [See Rule] (1) In applying 201. 6 (1) of the Rules, for solid bulk cargoes the protective clothing is to satisfy the equipment requirements specified in Appendix 1 of the IMSBC Code for the individual substances. For packaged goods the protective clothing is to satisfy the equipment requirements specified in emergency procedures (EmS) of the Supplement to IMDG Code for the individual substances. 7. ~ 9. (same as the present) 	(amendment) - IACS UI SC91(Re v.1 Corr.1 Nov 20 20)
Section 3 Document of compliance 301. Document of compliance [See Rule]\ \(\text{\ (newly added)} \)	Section 3 Document of compliance 301. Document of compliance [See Rule] 1. Refer to Document of compliance with the special requirements for ships carrying dangerous goods under the provisions of regulation II-2/19, as amended, and paragraph 7.17 of the 2000 HSC Code, as amended (MSC.1/Circ.1266) 2. Certification for carriage of solid dangerous bulk cargoes covers only those cargoes listed in Group B in the IMSBC Code except cargoes classified solely as MHB. Other solid dangerous bulk cargoes may only be permitted subject to acceptance by the Administrations involved. 3. Refer to the MSC/Circ.1148, issuing and renewal of document of compliance with the special requirements applicable to ships carrying dangerous goods	 SOLAS II-2/Reg. 19.4 IACS UI SC87 (Re v.2 Mar 2021)

Present	Amendment	Note
CHAPTER 13 PROTECTION OF VEHICLE, SPECIAL CATEGORY AND RO-RO SPACES	CHAPTER 13 PROTECTION OF VEHICLE, SPECIAL CATEGORY AND RO-RO SPACES	
Section 5 Fire-extinction	Section 5 Fire-extinction	/
501. Fixed fire-extinguishing systems	501. Fixed fire-extinguishing systems	(deletion) - IACS UI SC128
1. In applying Ch 5, 2.2.1.2 of the FSS Code, these requirements may be checked by suitable calculations.	1. In applying Ch 5, 2.2.1.2 of the FSS Code, these requirements may be checked by suitable calculations.	
<u>2.</u> ~ <u>4.</u> ⟨omitted⟩	<u>1.</u> ~ <u>3.</u> ⟨omitted⟩	
Annex 8-5 Inert Gas Systems	Annex 8-5 Inert Gas Systems	
1. ⟨omitted⟩	1. 〈omitted〉	
2. General requirements	2. General requirements	
 (1) ~ (9) ⟨omitted⟩ (10) Inert gas lines (A) ~ (G) ⟨omitted⟩ (H) The valve separating the inert gas supply main from the cargo main and which is on the cargo main side shall be a non-return valve with a positive means of closure. However, if only the spool piece is installed, stop valve also can be regarded as attached Fig Annex 8-5.2. 	 (1) ~ (9) ⟨omitted⟩ (10) Inert gas lines (A) ~ (G) ⟨omitted⟩ (H) The valve separating the inert gas supply main from the cargo main and which is on the cargo main side shall be a non-return valve with a positive means of closure. As a guide, the effective isolation required by this regulation may be achieved by the two arrangements shown in the following sketches attached Fig Annex 8-5.2. 	(amendment) - IACS UI SC 62 (Rev.2 Dec 2020)
Screw-down non- return valves Venting Blank flange Spool piece Inert gas supply main	CARGO PIPING NON RETURN VALVE SPOOL PIECE INERT GAS MAIN INERT GAS MAIN	
Fig. Annex 8-5.2	Fig. Annex 8-5.2	