Guidance for Ships designed to Prevent the spread of Infectious Disease

2021. 07.



Machinery Rule Development Team

- Main Amendments -

- (1) Effective date: 1 Sep. 2021 (Date of which contracts for construction are signed)
 - The guidelines for ships designed to prevent the spread of infectious diseases have been newly established as guidance.

	Amendment	Note
Gu	uidance for Ships designed to Prevent the spread of Infectious Disease	(Amendment) Guidance for ships designed to Prevent the spread of Infectious Disease (application date: the date of contract for construction on or after 1 Sep. 2021)
	Section 1 General	
101.	Application	
1.	This guidance provides design and survey requirements to prevent the spread of infectious disease through isolation of suspected and confirmed persons, and separation of shore personnel and visitors from existing crew in the event of an outbreak of an infectious disease on board (hereinafter referred to as "outbreak").	
2.	The requirements of this guidance are optional, and ships satisfying the requirements of this guidance may be assigned a notation specified in 103. as additional special feature notations.	
102.	Definitions	
Th	ne definitions of terms in this guidance are as follows.	
1.	Negative pressure isolation cabin is to be a cabin with a sanitary space maintaining continuous negative pressure to isolate suspected and confirmed persons in the event of an outbreak. The sanitary space can be accessed directly from the cabin, and a toilet and a shower facility are to be installed.	
2.	Anteroom is to be a small space located between the negative pressure isolation cabin and the corridor as a space to prevent air infection as well as a preparation space for carrying out infection prevention management.	
3.	HEPA filter or equivalent filter is to be a HEPA filter (removing more than 99.97% of $0.3 \mu m$ particles) or a filter with equivalent decontamination capability.	
103.	Class notations	
	Ships satisfying the requirements of this guidance may be assigned the notation of PID as additional special feature notations.	- PID (P revention of the spread of I nfectious D isease)
104.	Equivalency	
	The equivalence of alternative and novel features which deviate from or are not directly applicable to the guidance is to be in accordance with Pt 1, Ch 1, 105. of Rules for the Classification of Steel Ships.	

	Amendment	Note
105.	Drawings and documents to be submitted	
	Where ships are intended to be assigned the notation of PID, the drawings and documents listed below are to be submitted to the Society for approval prior to commencement of construction. In addition, if deemed necessary by the Society, additional drawings and documents other than those specified below may be requested. (1) Accommodation plans for each deck related to the design to prevent the spread of infectious disease (2) Schematics drawings, layout drawings and design specifications for ventilation system related to the design to prevent the spread of infectious disease (3) List of finishing materials such as ceilings, floors, walls of negative pressure isolation cabins, anterooms, hospital rooms, sanitary spaces and offices designated for shore personnel and visitors and storage space of infectious solid waste	
	Section 2 Classification Surveys	
201.	General	
	This section provides the requirements for classification surveys related to ships designed to prevent of infectious disease. In addition to those specified in this section, the requirements of Pt 1 of Rules for the Classification of Steel Ships are to be followed.	
202.	Classification survey during construction	
	Where ships are intended to be assigned the notation of PID , the surveyors attending the classification survey during construction are to verify the following.	
	 (1) Negative pressure isolation cabins, anterooms, hospital rooms, sanitary spaces and offices designated for shore personnel and visitors, and storage space of infectious solid waste are installed in accordance with the design requirements of Sec 3 (2) Anterooms maintain the negative pressure of at least -2.5 Pa compared to the corridor, and that negative pressure isolation cabins maintain the negative pressure of at least -2.5 Pa compared to anterooms with the ventilation system on. This is confirmed by reading the differential pressure indicator when differential pressure indicators are installed, or by measuring with the portable differential pressure manometer when small pipes are installed. Other means deemed appropriate by the Surveyor of the Society may be accepted. (3) Hospital rooms maintain the negative pressure of at least -2.5 Pa compared to the corridor or other spaces directly accessible to the hospital room with the ventilation system on. This is confirmed by reading the differential pressure indicator when differential pressure indicators are installed, or by measuring with the portable differential pressure manometer when small pipes are installed. Other means deemed appropriate by the Surveyor of the Society may be accepted. 	

Amendment	Note
(4) Telemedicine facility is installed in accordance with the requirements of 307.(5) Laundry room is installed in accordance with the requirements of 308.	
03. Annual survey	
1. In order to maintain the notation of PID, the surveyors during the annual survey are to verify following.	the
 After the previous survey, checking whether there are any changes affecting the design requested ments of Sec 3 in negative pressure isolation cabins, anterooms, hospital rooms, sanitary spand offices designated for shore personnel and visitors, and storage space of infectious waste. One or more negative pressure isolation cabins, one or more anterooms, and one or more places (other places mean hospital rooms, sanitary spaces and offices designated for shore sonnel and visitors, and storage space of infectious solid waste.) are selected and che whether they are maintained in accordance with the design requirements of Sec 3. Select one space and check whether the differential pressure is maintained in accordance the requirements of 202. 1 (2) and (3) above. 	aces solid other per- cked
04. Intermediate survey	
1. In order to maintain the notation of PID, the intermediate survey is to be conducted in accord with the same requirements of the annual survey.	ance
05. Special survey	
1. In order to maintain the notation of PID, the surveyors during the special survey are to verify following.	the
 After the previous survey, checking whether there are any changes affecting the design requested ments of Sec 3 in negative pressure isolation cabins, anterooms, hospital rooms, sanitary spand offices designated for shore personnel and visitors, and storage space of infectious waste. All negative pressure isolation cabins, anterooms, hospital rooms, sanitary spaces and of designated for shore personnel and visitors, and storage space of infectious solid waste checked whether they are maintained in accordance with the design requirements of Sec 3. Check whether the differential pressure in all relevant spaces is maintained in accordance the requirements of 202. 1 (2) and (3) above. Telemedicine facility is maintained in accordance with the requirements of 307. Laundry room is maintained in accordance with the requirements of 308. 	aces solid fices are

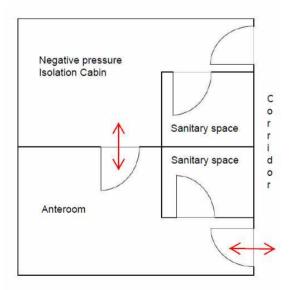
	Amendment	Note
	Section 3 Design Requirements	
301.	General	
	This section provides the requirements for construction, arrangement, materials, and ventilation for negative pressure isolation cabins, anterooms, hospital rooms, sanitary spaces and offices designated for shore personnel and visitors, storage space of infectious solid waste and laundry rooms related to the design to prevent the spread of infectious disease in the event of an outbreak.	
	The ventilation requirements given in this section are only required in the event of an outbreak. The ventilation system is to provide normal operation mode and outbreak operation mode, and it is possible to easily being switched to outbreak operation mode in the event of an outbreak.	
	When small pipes are installed as a means to check the differential pressure in negative pressure isolation cabins, anterooms, and hospital rooms, at least one portable differential pressure manometer is to be provided on board.	
302.	Negative pressure isolation cabins	
	 (1) Negative pressure isolation cabins are to be single room and to be able to accommodate at least 5% of the total complement. (2) Normal cabins satisfying the requirements of 302. are able to converted into negative pressure isolation cabins in the event of an outbreak, and are included in the number of negative pressure isolation cabins in (1) above. (3) When negative pressure isolation cabins are in use due to an outbreak, it is to be clearly marked as "Negative pressure isolation cabin" so that it can be easily identified from the outside. (4) Negative pressure isolation cabins is to have windows that provide an adequate view to the outside. For open type windows it is to be closed to maintain the negative pressure and to be constructed to maintain air tightness in the cabins in the event of an outbreak. Negative pressure isolation cabins and anterooms are not to have balconies. (5) Negative pressure isolation cabins are to have a sanitary space with separate toilet and shower facility, and non-contact automatic faucet is to be installed in the wash basin. 	
2.	Interior construction and materials	
	The interior construction and materials of negative pressure isolation cabins, anterooms, and sanitary spaces related to the design to prevent the spread of infectious disease are to satisfy the following requirements. (1) For indoor materials such as walls and ceilings, materials with good sealing performance are to be used to maintain negative pressure. The connections of walls, ceilings, and floors are to be constructed to maintain air tightness. (2) Attached devices such as sockets and switches, and joints such as air conditioning, sanitation, electric, and piping are to be constructed to maintain airtightness so as not to become a path for air leakage.	

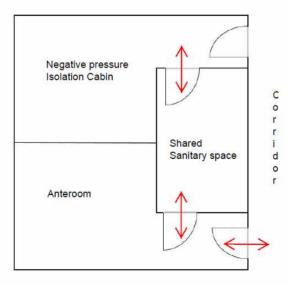
Amendment Note

- (3) Finishing materials such as walls, ceilings, and floors are to have strong impermeability and chemical resistance, and not to be perforated or corrugated for easy cleaning. The use of unfinished wood as a surface material is to be avoided.
- (4) All corners, such as the corners where floors and walls meet, are to be rounded as much as possible to avoid dust and make it easy to clean.
- (5) Textiles and fabrics that are difficult to wash are not to be used on floors, walls and furniture. Mattresses are to have an impermeable cover.

3. Arrangement

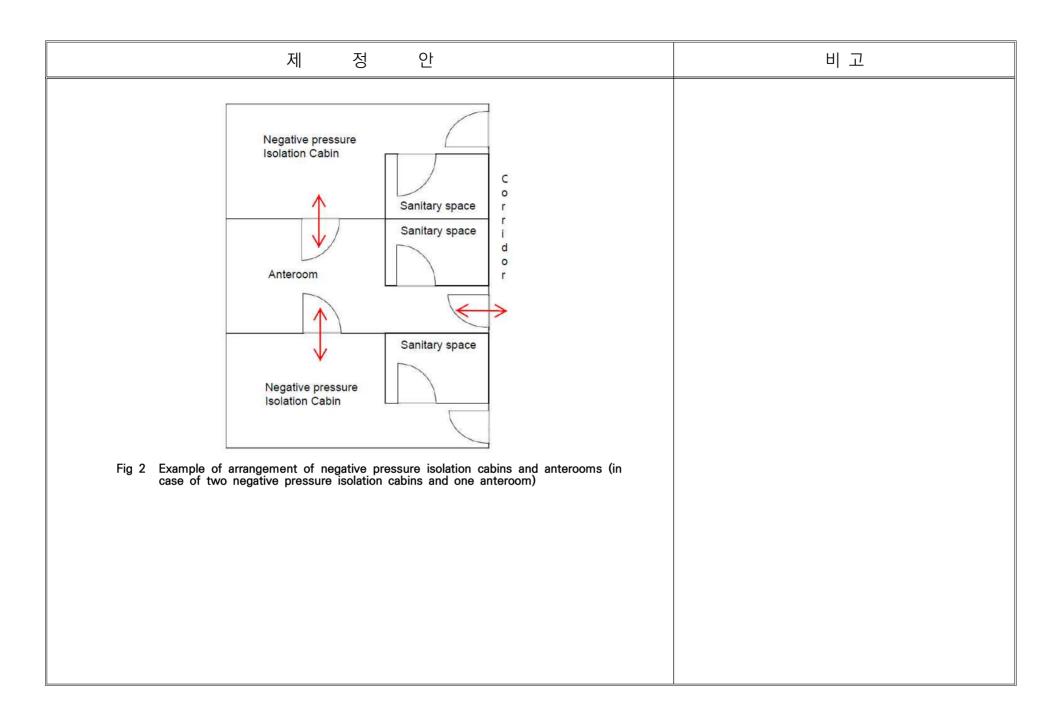
- (1) Negative pressure isolation cabins are to be located near the corridor or stair with direct exit to the outside spaces that lead to the embarkation and disembarkation station, and are installed together in one place as possible.
- (2) An anteroom is to be installed between a negative pressure isolation cabin and a corridor. A normal room may be converted and used to an anterooms in the event of an outbreak. In this case, a door that allows direct access to the negative pressure isolation cabin from the anteroom is to be installed. Refer to Fig 1 and Fig 2 as examples related to the arrangement of negative pressure isolation cabins and anterooms.
- (3) Doors of negative pressure isolation cabins and anterooms are to comply with the requirements of **Table 1**





* In this case, shared sanitary space is treated as a sanitary space belonging to negative pressure isolation cabin.

Fig 1 Example of arrangement of negative pressure isolation cabins and anterooms (in case of one negative pressure isolation cabin and one anteroom) 7 of 14



Amendment	Note
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Table 1 Doors of negative pressure isolation cabins and anterooms

Door location		
between the corridor and anteroom	between the anteroom and the negative pressure isolation cabin	between the neg- ative pressure iso- lation cabin and corridor
0	0	0
X	X	_
0	0	_
0	0	-
_	0	-
0	0	0
_	_	0
	dor and anteroom O X	between the corridor and anteroom O X O O O O O O O O O O O

NOTES O : required X : prohibited - : not applicable

4. Ventilation system

The requirements for ventilation system of negative pressure isolation cabins (including associated sanitary spaces) and anterooms (including associated sanitary spaces) are in accordance with the following.

- (1) The air changes per hour in negative pressure isolation cabins (including associated sanitary spaces) and anterooms (including associated sanitary spaces) is to be at least 6 times, and 12 or more times is recommended.
- (2) Anterooms are to maintain the negative pressure of at least -2.5 Pa compared to the corridor, and negative pressure isolation cabins are to maintain the negative pressure of at least -2.5 Pa compared to the anteroom. As shown in **Fig 1**, when the negative pressure isolation cabin and anteroom have a shared sanitary space, the boundary of the negative pressure is to be between the shared sanitary space and anteroom.
- (3) Exhaust air from negative pressure isolation cabins (including associated sanitary spaces) and anterooms (including associated sanitary spaces) are not to be recirculated to other spaces even if filtered with HEPA filter or equivalent filter.

Amendment	Note
 (4) In order to prevent contaminated air from flowing back in the event of a shutdown or failure of the ventilation system, a HEPA filter or equivalent filter is to be installed, or a non return damper or flap is to be installed in the duct of air supply into negative pressure isolation cabins and anterooms. However, when a common air supply duct is used, a HEPA filter or equivalent filter is to be installed, or a non return damper or flap is to be installed in the duct branch connected to each room. (5) Exhaust air inlets in negative pressure isolation cabins are to be placed as close to the bed as possible. (6) Exhaust ducts from negative pressure isolation cabins (including associated sanitary spaces) and anterooms (including associated sanitary spaces) are to be separated from exhaust ducts of other spaces. In addition, exhaust fans of exhaust ducts are to be installed outdoor as applicable, and if installed indoor, the downstream of the duct after the exhaust fan is to be welded or sealed. (7) Exhaust ducts from each of the negative pressure isolation cabin (including the associated sanitary space) are to be exhausted independently. However, if a HEPA filter or equivalent filter is installed, or a non return damper or flap is installed in exhaust duct branch in each space, a common exhaust duct may be used in downstream of the filter, damper or flap. (8) Exhaust outlets from negative pressure isolation cabins (including associated sanitary spaces) and anterooms (including associated sanitary spaces) are to be located on the highest deck of the accommodation and to be not less than 8 m away from the intakes, natural ventilation openings, doors and open windows. However, if all contaminated air from each space is discharged to the outside through a HEPA filter or equivalent filter, exhaust outlets may be located on the adjacent deck and the above distance may be reduced to 2m. Appropriate means are to be taken so that the wind direction from the exhaust outlets is	

Amendment		Note	
03. Hospital rooms			
 Interior construction and materials The interior construction and materials of hospital rooms are to satis 2. 	fy the requirements	s in 302.	
2. Arrangement			
 (1) Hospital rooms are to be located near the corridor or stair with direct that lead to the embarkation and disembarkation station. (2) Where the space inside the hospital rooms satisfies the requirements used as a negative pressure isolation cabin in the event of an outbreat (3) Entrance doors of hospital rooms are to comply with the requirements 	of 302. , this space		
Requirements for door	Application		
Maintaining air-tightness	0		
Installing hold back device	X		
Installing self closing device	0		

Requirements for door	Application
Maintaining air-tightness	0
Installing hold back device	X
Installing self closing device	0
Louvers to be closed, if installed, in the event of an outbreak	0
NOTES O : required X : prohibited	

Amendment	Note
3. Ventilation system	
The requirements for ventilation system of hospital rooms are in accordance with the following. (1) The air changes per hour in hospital rooms is to be at least 6 times, and 12 or more times is recommended. (2) Hospital rooms are to maintain the negative pressure of at least -2.5 Pa compared to the corridor or other spaces directly accessible to the hospital room. (3) Each separate space with a door in the hospital room is to have an air supply and an air exhaust. (4) A HEPA filter or equivalent filter is to be installed, or a non return damper or flap is to be installed in the supply air duct into the hospital room. (5) Exhaust ducts from hospital rooms are to be separated from exhaust ducts of other spaces. (6) Exhaust outlets from hospital rooms are to be not less than 8 m away from the intakes, natural ventilation openings, doors and open windows. However, if all contaminated air from each space is discharged to the outside through a HEPA filter or equivalent filter, the above distance may be reduced to 2 m. Appropriate means are to be taken so that the wind direction from the exhaust outlets is not directed toward adjacent passageway, intakes, natural ventilation openings, doors and open windows. (7) Means are to be provided to check the differential pressure between the hospital and the corridor or other spaces directly accessible to the hospital room. This may be a differential pressure indicator displayed up to 1 Pa unit may be installed where the differential pressure is secured over 4 Pa) or a small pipe installed through a door or wall to measure the differential pressure. This pipe must be sealed when not in use.	
4. Sanitary spaces designated for shore personnel and visitors	
At least one designated sanitary space that can be used by shore personnel and visitors in the event of an outbreak is to be installed, and the notice "Shore personnel and visitors use only" is to be posted at the entrance.	
1. Interior construction and materials	
(1) The interior construction and materials of sanitary spaces designated for shore personnel and visitors are to satisfy the requirements in 302. 2 .	
2. Arrangement	
(1) Sanitary spaces designated for shore personnel and visitors are to be arranged to minimize the possibility of contact with crew, and to be easily accessible from outside entrances.	

 Ventilation system The air changes per hour in sanitary spaces designated for shore personnel and visitors is to be at least 15 times. Exhaust outlets from sanitary spaces designated for shore personnel and visitors are to be not less than 8 m away from the intakes, natural ventilation openings, doors and open windows. However, if all contaminated air from each space is discharged to the outside through a HEPA filter or equivalent filter, the above distance may be reduced to 2 m. Appropriate means are to be taken so that the wind direction from the exhaust outlets is not directed toward adjacent passageway, intakes, natural ventilation openings, doors and open windows. Offices designated for shore personnel and visitors Interior construction and materials Interior construction and materials of offices designated for shore personnel and visitors are to satisfy the requirements in 302, 2. Arrangement Offices designated for shore personnel and visitors are to be arranged to minimize the possibility of contact with crew, and to be easily accessible from outside entrances. Ventilation system The air changes per hour in sanitary spaces designated for shore personnel and visitors is to be at least 12 times. Exhaust outlets from offices designated for shore personnel and visitors are to be not less than 8 m away from the intakes, natural ventilation openings, doors and open windows. However, if all contaminated air from each space is discharged to the outside through a HEPA filter or equivalent filter, the above distance may be reduced to 2 m. Appropriate means are to be taken so that the wind direction from the exhaust outlets is not directed toward adjacent passageway, intakes, natural ventilation openings, doors and open windows. 	 (1) The air changes per hour in sanitary spaces designated for shore personnel and visitors is to be at least 15 times. (2) Exhaust outlets from sanitary spaces designated for shore personnel and visitors are to be not less than 8 m away from the intakes, natural ventilation openings, doors and open windows. However, if all contaminated air from each space is discharged to the outside through a HEPA filter or equivalent filter, the above distance may be reduced to 2 m. Appropriate means are to be taken so that the wind direction from the exhaust outlets is not directed toward adjacent passageway, intakes, natural ventilation openings, doors and open windows. 15. Offices designated for shore personnel and visitors At least one designated office that can be used by shore personnel and visitors in the event of an outbreak is to be installed. 1. Interior construction and materials (1) The interior construction and materials of offices designated for shore personnel and visitors are to satisfy the requirements in 302. 2. 2. Arrangement (1) Offices designated for shore personnel and visitors are to be arranged to minimize the possibility of contact with crew, and to be easily accessible from outside entrances. 3. Ventilation system (1) The air changes per hour in sanitary spaces designated for shore personnel and visitors is to be at least 12 times. (2) Exhaust outlets from offices designated for shore personnel and visitors are to be not less than 8 m away from the intakes, natural ventilation openings, doors and open windows. However, if all contaminated air from each space is discharged to the outside through a HEPA filter or equivalent filter, the above distance may be reduced to 2 m. Appropriate means are to be taken so 	Amendment	Note
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Amendment	Note
06. Storage spaces of infectious solid waste	
At least one designated storage space that stores infectious solid waste in the event of an outbreak is to be installed.	
1. Interior construction and materials	
(1) The interior construction and materials of storage spaces of infectious solid waste are to satisfy the requirements in 302. 2 .	
2. Arrangement	
(1) Storage spaces for infectious solid waste are to be independent from other space and to be arranged in a location that allows for safe disposal of waste. The warning notice indicating that it is infectious waste is to be posted at the entrance to the storage space of infectious solid waste. Doors are equipped with self closing device, and installation of hold back devices is not permitted. Storage spaces for infectious solid waste can be used as a non-infectious waste storage normally, not during an outbreak.	
3. Ventilation system	
 (1) The air changes per hour in storage spaces for infectious solid waste is to be at least 10 times. (2) Exhaust air from storage spaces for infectious solid waste is to be discharged directly to the outside air and separated from exhaust ducts of other spaces. (3) Exhaust outlets from storage spaces for infectious solid waste are to be not less than 8 m away from the intakes, natural ventilation openings, doors and open windows. However, if all contaminated air from each space is discharged to the outside through a HEPA filter or equivalent filter, the above distance may be reduced to 2 m. Appropriate means are to be taken so that the wind direction from the exhaust outlets is not directed toward adjacent passageway, intakes, natural ventilation openings, doors and open windows. 	
07. Telemedicine facility	
Telemedicine support facilities are to be in place to provide medical advice to doctors or designated medical personnel. In other words, a two-way communication facility capable of exchanging voice and data are to be provided in a suitable place on board.	
08. Laundry rooms	
The laundry rooms are to have at least one washing machine capable of reaching 70 °C or higher of the water temperature during washing. Exhaust air from laundry rooms is to be discharged directly to the outside air.	