## (Draft)

# Amended Rules for the Classification of Steel Ships

(Part 1 Classification and Surveys)



Dec. 2023

### - Main Amendments -

#### (1) Effective date : 1 Feb. 2023 (Date of which the application for survey is submitted)

 Addition of survey item related to container ships provided with contaioner lashing calculation program & instrument, and CL assigned as Special Feature Notations. (At the request of the Survey Team (SUR3000-2112-2022, 8 Nov. 2022))

#### (2) Effective date : 1 April 2023 (Date of which the application for survey is submitted)

- Clarification for ballast tanks of same type for (Double Skin) Bulk Carriers at Intermediate Survey
- Addition of Internal Note of IACS Survey Panel

#### (3) Effective date : 20 Aug. 2023 (Date of which the application for survey is submitted)

- In case of postponement due to COVID-19, the agreed period is revised up to maximum three(3) months
  - IACS PR1C (Addendum Rev.8 to PR1C Rev.6 June 2023) revision reflected

#### (4) Effective date : 1 July. 2024 (Date of which the application for survey is submitted)

- Revision of some "Definitions"
- Reflecting IACS UR Z1 (IMO Res.A.1156(32))
- Revision of the figure related to "Survey at sea or at anchorage"
- Reflected IACS UR Z10.1(Rev.25 Feb 2023), Z10.2(Rev.37 Feb 2023), Z10.4(Rev.18 Feb 2023) and Z10.5(Rev.20 Feb 2023) respectively.

# (1) Effective date : 1 Feb. 2023

Present	Amendments	Reason
CHAPTER 2 PERIODICAL AND OTHER SURVEYS	CHAPTER 2 PERIODICAL AND OTHER SURVEYS	
Section 2 Annual Survey	Section 2 Annual Survey	
201. Due range (omitted) 202. Hull, equipment and fire-extinguishing appliances	201. Due range (same as the current Rules) 202. Hull, equipment and fire-extinguishing appliances	
<ol> <li>The survey is to consist of an examination for the purpose of ensuring, as far as practicable, that the hull, hatch covers, hatch coamings, closing appliances, and equipment are maintained in a satisfactory condition.</li> <li>(1) ~ (26) (omitted)</li> <li>(27) For container ships equipped with container securing arrangements in accordance with Pt 7, Ch 4, 1002. of the Rules, the container securing arrangements are to be examined as follows:         <ul> <li>(a) general examination for arrangements</li> <li>(b) confirmation of on-board record book</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	<ol> <li>The survey is to consist of an examination for the purpose of ensuring, as far as practicable, that the hull, hatch covers, hatch coamings, closing appliances, and equipment are maintained in a satisfactory condition.</li> <li>(1) ~ (26) (same as the current Rules)</li> <li>(27) For container ships equipped with container securing arrangements in accordance with Pt 7, Ch 4, 1002. of the Rules, the container securing arrangements are to be examined as follows:         <ul> <li>(a) general examination for arrangements</li> <li>(b) confirmation of on-board record book</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Introduced definition of Tank from CSR</li> <li>At the request of Liquid Cargo Ship Team's Notice (HUT4000- 1625 -2022, 2nd June 2022)</li> </ul>
<u>(newly_added)</u>	(28) For container ships provided with container lashing calculation program and instrument approved by the Society in accordance with the requirements of Guidance Pt 7, Annex 7-2 and assigned "CL" as Special Feature Notations, it is to be confirmed that the container lashing calculation program and the instrument having the performance and functions as deemed appropriate by the Society is installed on board. (2023)	: The current KR Rules reflect PR1B, a requirement for dual class newbuilding, but the repeat vessel is out of the scope of PR1B. Therefore, it is necessary
(28) For ships provided with a loading instrument in accordance with the requirements of <b>Pt 3</b> , <b>Ch 3</b> , <b>104</b> ., it is to be con- firmed that a loading instrument having the performance and functions as deemed appropriate by the Society is installed on board. Where a stability instrument specified in <b>Ch 1</b> , <b>307</b> . is provided on-board, then the system is to be tested.	(29) (28) For ships provided with a loading instrument in accordance with the requirements of Pt 3, Ch 3, 104., it is to be confirmed that a loading instrument having the performance and functions as deemed appropriate by the Society is installed on board. Where a stability instrument specified in Ch 1, 307. is provided on-board, then the system is to be tested.	to prepare requirements for repeat vessels. - Requirement for Repeat Vessel, which was in the Equivalence, was deleted,
(29) Documentations on board including the stability data, etc. approved by the Society are to be confirmed to be kept on board.	(30) (29) Documentations on board including the stability data, etc. approved by the Society are to be confirmed to be kept on board.	and Acceptance of design approved by other societies" was newly added
(30) ~ (35) 〈omitted〉 〈hereinafter, omitted〉	(31) (30) ~ (36) (35) (same as the current Rules) (hereinafter, same as the current Rules)	to "Classification Survey during construction".

# (2) Effective date : 1 April 2023

Present	Amendments	Reason
CHAPTER 3 HULL SURVEYS OF SHIPS SUBJECT TO THE ESP	CHAPTER 3 HULL SURVEYS OF SHIPS SUBJECT TO THE ENHANCED SURVEY PROGRAMME	E-mail request from Survey Team (14th
Section 1 General (omitted)	Section 1 General 〈same as the current Rule〉	Dec. 2022)
Section 2 Bulk Carriers	Section 2 Bulk Carriers	- Clarification for ballast
201. ~ 202. 〈omitted〉l 203. Intermediate Survey 1. General 〈omitted〉	<ul> <li>201. ~ 202. (same as the current Rule)</li> <li>203. Intermediate Survey</li> <li>1. General (same as the current Rule)</li> </ul>	tanks of same type is to be applied in accordance with the Internal Note of
2. Examination of ballast tanks	2. Examination of ballast tanks	IACS Survey PANEL.
The examination of ballast tanks in Intermediate Survey is to be in accordance with the follows.	The examination of ballast tanks in Intermediate Survey is to be in accordance with the follows.	
5 years ( age $\leq$ 10 years <sup>1), 2), 3)</sup>	5 years ( age $\leq$ 10 years <sup>1), 2), 3)</sup>	
<ol> <li>Overall Survey of representative ballast tanks</li> <li>Overall Survey and Close-up Survey of suspect areas identified at previous surveys</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Overall Survey of representative ballast tanks</li> <li>Overall Survey and Close-up Survey of suspect areas identified at previous surveys</li> </ol>	
<ul> <li>(NOTES)</li> <li>1) (omitted).</li> <li>2) Where POOR coating condition, corrosion or other defects are found in ballast tanks or where a hard protective coating was not applied from the time of construction, the examination is to be extended to other <u>ballast tanks of the same type</u>.</li> <li>(newly added)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(NOTES)         <ol> <li>(hereinafter, same as the current Rule).</li> </ol> </li> <li>Where POOR coating condition, corrosion or other defects are found in ballast tanks or where a hard protective coating was not applied from the time of construction, the examination is to be extended to <u>other ballast tanks of the same type*</u>. (2023)         </li> <li><u>* Other ballast tanks of same type is to be applied as followings:         <ol> <li>aft peak &amp; fore peak shall be considered as same type.</li> <li>In case other ballast tanks are not of identical construction, the additional several tanks are to be examined because the progression of corrosion is not only related to the construction type, and the corrosion prevention system and the history of usage of the tanks are to be considered.</li> <li>c) In case of water ballast hold, all water ballast holds are surveyed.</li> </ol> </u></li> </ul>	
3) 〈omitted〉	3) (same as the current Rule)	
(hereinafter, omitted)	(hereinafter, same as the current Rule)	

Present	Amendments	Reason
Section 6 Double Skin Bulk Carriers	Section 6 Double Skin Bulk Carriers	E-mail request from Survey Team (14th Dec. 2022)
601. ~ 602. (omitted)	601. ~ 602. (same as the current Rule)	- Clarification for ballast
603. Intermediate Survey	603. Intermediate Survey	tanks of same type
1. General 〈omitted〉	1. General (same as the current Rule)	accordance with the
2. Examination of ballast tanks	2. Examination of ballast tanks	Internal Note of
The examination of ballast tanks in Intermediate Survey is to be in accordance with the follows.	The examination of ballast tanks in Intermediate Survey is to be in accordance with the follows.	IACS SURVEY PAINEL.
5 years ( age $\leq$ 10 years <sup>1), 2), 3)</sup>	5 years ( age $\leq$ 10 years <sup>1), 2), 3)</sup>	
<ol> <li>Overall Survey of representative ballast tanks</li> <li>Overall Survey and Close-up Survey of suspect areas identified at previous surveys</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Overall Survey of representative ballast tanks</li> <li>Overall Survey and Close-up Survey of suspect areas identified at previous surveys</li> </ol>	
<ul> <li>(NOTES)</li> <li>1) ⟨omitted⟩.</li> <li>2) Where POOR coating condition, corrosion or other defects are found in ballast tanks or where a hard protective coating was not applied from the time of construction, the examination is to be extended to other <u>ballast tanks of the same type.</u></li> <li><u>⟨newly added⟩</u></li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(NOTES) <ol> <li>(hereinafter, same as the current Rule).</li> </ol> </li> <li>Where POOR coating condition, corrosion or other defects are found in ballast tanks or where a hard protective coating was not applied from the time of construction, the examination is to be extended to <u>other ballast tanks of the same type*</u>. (2023) <ul> <li>* Other ballast tanks of same type are to be applied as followings: <ul> <li>a) aft peak &amp; fore peak shall be considered as same type.</li> <li>b) In case other ballast tanks are not of identical construction, the additional several tanks are to be examined because the progression of corrosion is not only related to the construction type, and the corrosion prevention system and the history of usage of the tanks are to be considered.</li> <li>c) In case of water ballast hold, all water ballast holds are surveyed.</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>	
3) 〈omitted〉	3) (same as the current Rule)	
<pre></pre>	(hereinafter, same as the current Rule)	

# (3) Effective date : 20 Aug. 2023

Present	Amendments	Reason
CHAPTER 1 CLASSIFICATION	CHAPTER 1 CLASSIFICATION	- The agreed period is revised up to maximum
Section 9 Suspension/Withdrawal of Class and Beclassification	Section 9 Suspension/Withdrawal of Class and Beclassification	three (3) months by reflecting the amendments
901. Suspension/Reinstatement of class	901. Suspension/Reinstatement of class	of IACS PR1C (Addendum
1. ~ 5. 〈omitted〉	1. ~ 5. (same as the current Rules)	Rev.8 to PR1C Rev.6 June
6. Force Majeure <i>(2020)</i>	6. Force Majeure <i>(2020)</i>	2023)
<ul> <li>If, due to circumstances reasonably beyond the owner's or the Society's control, the vessel is not in a port where the overdue surveys can be completed at the expiry of the periods allowed, the Society may allow the vessel to sail, in class, directly to an agreed discharge port, and if necessary, hence, in ballast, to an agreed port at which the survey will be completed, provided the Society:</li> <li>(1) ~ (3) (omited)</li> <li>(4) If, due to force majeure conditions such as Pandemic (e.g. COVID-19), the due survey of the vessel can not be completed at the expiry of the periods allowed, the Society may allow the vessel to sail, in class until the <u>agreed period (maximum six (6) months, initial postponement/extension up to maximum three (3) months, and then additional postponement/extension up to further there (3) months) under the following conditions: (2021)</u></li> <li>(A) approval by the relevant flag state (if applicable)</li> <li>(B) exams the ship's records</li> <li>(C) carries out the due and/or overdue surveys and examination of Conditions of Class at the first port of call with available facilities where Surveyor can reasonably attend to complete.</li> <li>(D) review of evidence provided by the Owner confirming that the vessel is in a satisfactory condition in class for the agreed period of postponement (where the Society may request remote survey or acceptable photo, video or other evidence of condition of structures or equipment)</li> <li>(E) obtain written statement from the Master stating that the vessel is in compliance with the Rules and Regulations of the Society and is in condition to satisfactorily continue in service for the agreed period.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>If, due to circumstances reasonably beyond the owner's or the Society's control, the vessel is not in a port where the overdue surveys can be completed at the expiry of the periods allowed, the Society may allow the vessel to sail, in class, directly to an agreed discharge port, and if necessary, hence, in ballast, to an agreed port at which the survey will be completed, provided the Society:</li> <li>(1) ~ (3) (same as the current Rules)</li> <li>(4) If, due to force majeure conditions such as Pandemic (e.g. COVID-19), the due survey of the vessel can not be completed at the expiry of the periods allowed, the Society may allow the vessel to sail, in class until the agreed period (maximum six (6) months, initial postponement/extension up to maximum three (3) months, and then additional postponement/extension up to further there (3) months) under the following conditions: (2023)</li> <li>(A) approval by the relevant flag state (if applicable)</li> <li>(B) exams the ship's records</li> <li>(C) carries out the due and/or overdue surveys and examination of Conditions of Class at the first port of call with available facilities where Surveyor can reasonably attend to complete.</li> <li>(D) review of evidence provided by the Owner confirming that the vessel is in a satisfactory condition in class for the agreed period of postponement (where the Society may request remote survey or acceptable photo, video or other evidence of condition of structures or equipment)</li> <li>(E) obtain written statement from the Master stating that the vessel is in compliance with the Rules and Regulations of the Society and is in condition to satisfactorily continue in service for the agreed period.</li> </ul>	For reference (the reason of previous amendments) At the request of the Survey Team (SUR3000– 1433– 2021, 20 May 2021), The possibility of confusion during the field surveyor's review for postponement is identified, as it is not stated that a postponement up to six months under IACS Addendum to PR1C is possible when survey is
⟨herein after, omitted⟩	〈herein after, same as the current Rules〉	postponed due to COVID-19.

# (4) Effective date : 1 July 2024

Present	Amendments	Reason
CHAPTER 1 CLASSIFICATION	CHAPTER 1 CLASSIFICATION	- At the request of Tanker Team (HUT4000 -596-2023, 2023.3.23.)
Section 1 General	Section 1 General	<ol> <li>Rule Pt 1 applies to all ships regardless of ship type.</li> </ol>
<ul> <li>101. Definitions (2020) The definitions of terms used in Ch 1, Ch 2 and Ch 3 are to be as specified in the following, unless otherwise specified elsewhere. </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>101. Definitions (2020)</li> <li>The definitions of terms used in Ch 1, Ch 2 and Ch 3 are to be as specified in the following, unless otherwise specified elsewhere.</li> <li>1 a 22 (come on the current Pule)</li> </ul>	2. As the definition of cofferdam is included in Pt 1, it seems that the definition shall be applied to all ship
<ul> <li>1. ~ 22. (omitted)</li> <li>23. Cofferdam means an empty space arranged so that compartments on each side have no common boundary. <u>The following dedicated tanks are to be separated from adjacent tanks by cofferdams.</u> However, these cofferdams may be omitted provided that the common boundaries of lubricating oil and fuel oil tank have full penetration welds. <ol> <li>Fuel oil</li> <li>Lubricating oil</li> <li>Vegetable oil</li> <li>Fresh water</li> </ol> </li> <li>The cofferdams are to be provided with the air pipes and with the manholes of adequate size which are well accessible. (2021)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>1. ~ 22. (same as the current Rule)</li> <li>23. Cofferdam means an empty space arranged so that compartments on each side have no common boundary. (2024) The following dedicated tanks are to be separated from adjacent tanks by cofferdams. However, these cofferdams may be omitted provided that the common boundaries of lubricating oil and fuel oil tank have full penetration welds.</li> <li>(1) Fuel oil</li> <li>(2) Lubricating oil</li> <li>(3) Vegetable oil</li> <li>(4) Fresh water</li> <li>The cofferdams are to be provided with the air pipes and with the manholes of adequate size which are well accessible. (2021)</li> </ul>	types. On the other hand, hull structure-related rules are classified by ship type such as Pt 3, Pt 10, Pt 13, Pt 14 and Pt 15, and each rule has the same or similar definitions as Pt 1. Therefore, although the purpose of the definition is the same, there are slight differences for each ship type, causing confusion in the application of the definitions.
24~ 25. (omitted) (hereinafter, omitted)	24 ~ 25. (same as the current Rule)	3. This is not a requirement under international regulations such as SOLAS, but a requirement of Societies themselves.
		4. Therefore, it is requested that only pure definition, not the requirement, be mentioned for the Cofferdam in Pt 1 so that there is no confusion between applicable rules.

Present	Amendments	Reason
CHAPTER 2 PERIODICAL AND OTHER SURVEYS	CHAPTER 2 PERIODICAL AND OTHER SURVEYS	
Section 1 General	Section 1 General	
101. 〈omitted〉	101. (same as the current Rule)	
<ul> <li>102. Definitions The definitions of terms used in Ch 2 and Ch 3 are to be as specified in the followings, unless otherwise specified elsewhere. 1. ~ 2–3. (omitted)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>102. Definitions The definitions of terms used in Ch 2 and Ch 3 are to be as specified in the followings, unless otherwise specified elsewhere. </li> <li>1. ~ 2-3. (same as the current Rule)</li> </ul>	
<b>3–1. Oil tanker</b> means a ship which is constructed primarily to carry oil in bulk and includes ship types such as combination carrier(Ore/Oil ship, etc.).	<b>3–1. Oil tanker</b> means a ship which is constructed primarily to carry oil in bulk <u>in cargo tanks forming an integral part of the ship's hull, and</u> includinges ship types such as combination carriers (Ore/Oil ships etc.) <u>but ships carrying oil in independent tanks not part of the ship's hull, such as asphalt carriers, are excluded from the ships subject to the enhanced survey programme (ESP). (2024)</u>	- 1.2.1 of IACS UR Z10.1 (Rev.25 Feb 2023) reflected
<b>3-2. Double hull oil tanker</b> is a ship which is constructed primarily for the carriage of oil in bulk, which have the cargo <u>tanks protected</u> by a double hull which extends for the entire length of the cargo area, consisting of double sides and double bottom spaces for the carriage of water ballast or void spaces. <i>(2020)</i> (hereinafter, omitted)	3-2. Double hull oil tanker is a ship which is constructed primarily for the carriage of oil in bulk, which have the cargo tanks forming an integral part of the ship's hull and is protected by a double hull which extends for the entire length of the cargo area, consisting of double sides and double bottom spaces for the carriage of water ballast or void spaces. (2024) (hereinafter, same as the current Rule)	- 1.2.1 of IACS UR <b>Z10.4</b> ( <b>Rev.18</b> Feb 2023) reflected

Present	Amendments	Reason
Section 2 Annual Survey	Section 2 Annual Survey	
<ul> <li>202. Hull, equipment and fire-extinguishing appliances</li> <li>1. The survey is to consist of an examination for the purpose of ensuring, as far as practicable, that the hull, hatch covers, hatch coamings, closing appliances, and equipment are maintained in a satisfactory condition. (1) ~ (33) (omitted)</li> <li>(34) Examining, for bulk carriers of 150 m and above, where applicable, the ship's structure in accordance with the Ship Construction File, taking into account identified areas that need special attention (SOLAS 10, Reg.II-1/3-10 and MSC.287(87)). (2017)</li> <li>(CA) 2.2.2.3 examining, for bulk carriers of 150 m and above, where appropriate, the ship's structure in accordance with the Ship Construction File, taking into account identified areas that need special attention (SOLAS 74/10 reg.II-1/3-10 and MSC.287(87));</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>202. Hull, equipment and fire-extinguishing appliances</li> <li>1. The survey is to consist of an examination for the purpose of ensuring, as far as practicable, that the hull, hatch covers, hatch coamings, closing appliances, and equipment are maintained in a satisfactory condition.</li> <li>(1) ~ (33) (same as the current Rule)</li> <li>(34) Examining, for bulk carriers of 150 m and above, where applicable, the ship's structure in accordance with the Ship Construction File, taking into account identified areas that need special attention, verifying that the Ship Construction File is up-dated, where applicable. (SOLAS 10, Reg.II-1/3-10 and MSC.287(87)). (2024)</li> <li>(same as the current Rule)</li> </ul>	- IACS UR Z1 (Rev. 9. July 2022), aligning the 2.2.2.3 requirements of 2.2 with the 2.2.3.18 requirements of 2.5.
204. Additional requirements to ship types	204. Additional requirements to ship types	
1. Oil tankers(including tankers) : <i>(2023)</i> (omitted) (1) to (11) (omitted)	<ol> <li>Oil tankers(including tankers) : (2023) (same as the current Rule)</li> <li>(1) to (11) (same as present)</li> </ol>	
(12) Examining <u>flame screens on the open ends of air pipes to all</u> <u>bunker tanks, ballast tanks adjacent to cargo oil tanks, slop tanks</u> <u>and void spaces adjacent to cargo oil tanks.</u>	(12) Examining the devices to prevent the passage of flame on vents to all bunker, oily-ballast and oily-slop tanks and void spaces, as far as practicable. <i>(2024)</i>	- Reflecting IACS UR Z1 (IMO Res.A.1156(32))
(13) to (26) 〈omitted〉	(13) ~ (26) 〈same as the current Rule〉	
<ul> <li>(27) Examining, for oil tankers of 150 m in length and above, where appropriate, the ship's structure in accordance with the Ship Construction File, taking into account identified areas that need special attention (SOLAS 10, Reg.II-1/3-10 and MSC.287(87)).</li> <li>Reference         (CA) 2.2.3.18 examining, for oil tankers of 150 m in length and above, where appropriate, the ship's structure in accordance with the Ship Construction File, taking into account identified areas that need special     </li> </ul>	(27) Examining, for oil tankers of 150 m in length and above, where appropriate, the ship's structure in accordance with the Ship Construction File, taking into account identified areas that need special attention, verifying that the Ship Construction File is up- dated, where applicable. (SOLAS 10, Reg.II-1/3-10 and MSC.287(87)). (2024)	- 2.2.3.18 of 2.5 of IACS UR Z1 (Rev.9. July 2022) reflected
attention, and verifying that the Ship Construction File is updated, where applicable* (SOLAS reg.II-1/3-10 and MSC.287(87)).		

Present	Amendments	Reason
<ul> <li>2. Chemical tankers (2023) <ul> <li>(1) to (3) (omitted)</li> <li>(4) Examining flame screens on the open ends of air pipes to all bunker tanks, ballast tanks adjacent to cargo tanks, slop tanks and void spaces adjacent to cargo tanks.</li> <li>(5) to (28) (omitted)</li> <li>(29) Confirming that the system for continuous monitoring of the concentration of flammable vapours which is installed in cargo pump room is satisfactory. And, confirming that sampling points or detector heads are located in suitable positions in order that pattertial.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2. Chemical tankers (2023) <ul> <li>(1) to (3) (same as present)</li> <li>(4) Examining the devices to prevent the passage of flame on vents to all bunker, oily-ballast and oily-slop tanks and void spaces, as far as practicable. (2024)</li> <li>(5) to (28) (same as present)</li> <li>(29) Confirming that the system for continuous monitoring of the concentration of flammable vapours which is installed in cargo pump room is satisfactory. And, confirming that sampling points or detector heads are located in suitable positions in order that patternia.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	- Reflecting IACS UR Z1 (IMO Res.A.1156(32))
<pre>     potentially dangerous leakages are readily detected.     (omitted) </pre>	same as present	
<ul> <li>3. Liquefied gas carriers (2023) <ul> <li>(1) to (2) ⟨omitted⟩</li> <li>(3) Examining flame screens on the open ends of air pipes to all bunker tanks, ballast tanks adjacent to cargo tanks and spaces adjacent to cargo tanks.</li> <li>(4) ⟨omitted⟩</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3. Liquefied gas carriers (2023) <ul> <li>(1) to (2) ⟨same as present⟩</li> <li>(3) Examining the devices to prevent the passage of flame on vents to all bunker, oily-ballast tanks and void spaces, as far as practicable. (2024)</li> <li>(4) ⟨same as present⟩</li> <li>(5) Examining the cargo, ballast and stripping systems both on deck</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>(5) Examining the <u>cargo piping systems</u> both on deck and in the cargo compressor-rooms and the bunker system on deck.</li> <li>(6) to (16) ⟨omitted⟩</li> <li>(17) Examining the gas detection arrangements for cargo control rooms and measures taken to exclude ignition sources where such spaces are <u>not gas-safe</u>.</li> <li>(18) to (22) ⟨omitted⟩</li> <li>(23) Examining the cargo and process piping, including the expansion arrangements, insulation from the hull structure, pressure relief and drainage arrangements.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>and in the cargo compressor rooms and the bunker system on deck. (2024)</li> <li>(6) to (16) (same as present)</li> <li>(17) Examining the gas detection arrangements for cargo control rooms and the measures taken to exclude ignition sources where such spaces are classified as hazardous areas. (2024)</li> <li>(18) to (22) (same as present)</li> <li>(23) Examining the cargo and process piping, including the expansion arrangements, insulation from the hull structure, pressure relief and drainage arrangements and water curtain protection as appropriate. (2024)</li> </ul>	

Present	Amendments	Reason
(24) to (25) (omitted)	(24) to (25) (same as present)	- Reflecting IACS
<ul> <li>(26) Examining the arrangements for the cargo pressure/temperature control including, when fitted, any refrigeration system and confirming that any associated alarms are satisfactory.</li> <li>(27) to (22) (omitted)</li> </ul>	(26) Examining the arrangements for the cargo pressure/temper- ature control including, when fitted, <u>the thermal oxidation sys- tems and</u> any refrigeration system, and confirming that any as- sociated <u>safety measures and</u> alarms are satisfactory. (2024)	UR Z1 (IMO Res.A.1156(32))
	(27) to (32) 〈same as present〉	
(33) Examining the fixed fire-fighting system for <u>the cargo pump</u> room and confirming that its means of operation is clearly marked.	(33) Examining the fixed fire-fighting system for <u>enclosed cargo</u> <u>machinery spaces and for the enclosed cargo motor room</u> <u>within the cargo area</u> , and confirming that its means of oper- ation is clearly marked. (2024)	
(34) to (36) (omitted)	(34) to (36) (same as present)	
(37) Examining, as far as practicable, and confirming the satisfactory operation of , the arrangements for the <u>mechanical</u> ventilation of spaces in the cargo area normally entered during cargo handling operations.	(37) Examining, as far as practicable, and confirming the satisfactory operation of, the arrangements for the <u>artificial</u> ventilation of spaces in the cargo area normally entered during cargo han- dling operations. (2024)	
(38) Examining, and confirming the satisfactory operation of, the ar- rangements for the mechanical ventilation of spaces normally entered other than those covered by <u>(36)</u> above.	(38) Examining, and confirming the satisfactory operation of, the ar- rangements for the mechanical ventilation of spaces normally entered other than those covered by ( <u>37)</u> above. (2024)	
(39) to (54) 〈omitted〉	(39) to (54) 〈same as present〉	
(55) (Newly added)	(55) Examining the cargo tank pressure/vacuum valves and appro- priate protective screens/devices to prevent the passage of flame. [See Guidance] (2024)	
(56) (Newly added)	(56) Examining, as far as practicable, the cargo, bilge, ballast and stripping pumps for undue gland seal leakage, verification of proper operation of electrical and mechanical remote operating and shutdown devices and operation of cargo com- pressor-room bilge system, and checking that pump founda- tions are intact. (2024)	
(herein after, omitted)	〈herein after, same as present〉	

Present	Amendments	Reason
Section 3 Intermediate Survey	Section 3 Intermediate Survey	- Reflecting IACS UR Z1 (IMO Res.A.1156(32))
304. Additional requirements to ship types [See Guidance]	304. Additional requirements to ship types [See Guidance]	
3. Liquefied gas carriers : (1) (omitted)	<ul> <li>3. Liquefied gas carriers :</li> <li>(1) (same as present)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>(2) Generally examining the electrical equipment and cables in dan- gerous zones such as cargo machinery spaces and areas ad- jacent to cargo tanks to check for defective equipment, fixtures and wiring. The insulation resistance of the circuits should be tested and in cases where a proper record of testing is main- tained, consideration should be given to accepting recent readings. (2020)</li> <li>(herein after, omitted)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(2) Generally examining the electrical equipment and cables in hazardous areas and zones such as cargo machinery spaces and areas adjacent to cargo tanks to check for defective equipment, fixtures and wiring. The insulation resistance of the circuits should be tested and in cases where a proper record of testing is maintained consideration should be given to accepting recent readings. (2024)</li> <li>(herein after, same as present)</li> </ul>	

Present	Amendments	Reason
CH 3 HULL SURVEYS OF SHIPS SUBJECT TO THE ENHANCED SURVEY PROGRAMME Section 1 General	CH 3 HULL SURVEYS OF SHIPS SUBJECT TO THE ENHANCED SURVEY PROGRAMME Section 1 General	<ul> <li>Re-change current picture to previous picture</li> </ul>
102. Preparations for survey	102. Preparations for survey	- Reasons for
1. ~ 5. (omitted)	1. ~ 5. (same as the current Rule)	previous revision : It was revised to the
<ul> <li>6. Survey at sea or at anchorage <ol> <li>~ (5) (omitted)</li> </ol> </li> <li>(6) If the depth of the webs is more than 1.5 m, rafts or boats alone may be allowed only: <ol> <li>(A) when the coating of the under deck structure is in GOOD condition and there is no evidence of wastage: or</li> <li>(B) if a permanent means of access is provided in each bay to allow safe entry and exit. This means: <ol> <li>(a) access direct from the deck via a vertical ladder and a small platform fitted approximately 2 m below the deck in each bay; or</li> <li>(b) access to deck from a longitudinal permanent platform having ladders to deck in each end of the tank. The platform shall, for the full length of the tank, be arranged in level with, or above, the maximum water level needed for rafting of under deck structure. For this purpose, the ullage corresponding to the maximum water level is to be assumed not more than 3 m from the deck plate measured at the midspan of deck transverses and in the middle length of the tank. (For oil tankers, chemical tankers and double hull oil tankers, see Fig 1.3.1)</li> <li>If neither of the above conditions are met, then staging or an "other equivalent means" is to be provided for the survey of the under deck areas.</li> </ol> </li> </ol></li></ul>	<ul> <li>6. Survey at sea or at anchorage <ol> <li>~ (5) (same as the current Rule)</li> </ol> </li> <li>(6) If the depth of the webs is more than 1.5 m, rafts or boats alone may be allowed only: <ol> <li>(A) when the coating of the under deck structure is in GOOD condition and there is no evidence of wastage: or</li> <li>(B) if a permanent means of access is provided in each bay to allow safe entry and exit. This means: <ol> <li>(a) access direct from the deck via a vertical ladder and a small platform fitted approximately 2 m below the deck in each bay; or</li> <li>(b) access to deck from a longitudinal permanent platform having ladders to deck in each end of the tank. The platform shall, for the full length of the tank, be arranged in level with, or above, the maximum water level needed for rafting of under deck structure. For this purpose, the ullage corresponding to the maximum water level is to be assumed not more than 3 m from the deck plate measured at the midspan of deck transverses and in the middle length of the tank. (For oil tankers, chemical tankers and double hull oil tankers, see Fig 1.3.1)</li> </ol> </li> </ol></li></ul>	<ul> <li>It was revised to the picture on the left in 2019 by reflecting Fig. 4 of IACS UR Z10.4 (Rev.15, Jan 2018) 5.5.6.</li> <li>However, in order to meet the requirements of 102. 6 (B) (b), there must be a lightening holes on the deck transverse web.</li> <li>For reference, IACS UR Z10.1 also has a current picture.</li> <li>However, IACS UR Z10.3 REC. 39 and ESP code have the same figures as the amendments.</li> </ul>
Fig 1.3.1 Maximum water level in a tank (2019)	Fig 1.3.1 Maximum water level in a tank (2024)	
	- 7 -	

Present	Amendments	Reason
CHAPTER 3 HULL SURVEYS OF SHIPS SU TO THE ESP	JBJECT CHAPTER 3 HULL SURVEYS OF SHIPS SUBJECT TO THE ESP	
Section 2 Bulk Carriers	Section 2 Bulk Carriers	
201. ~ 202. (omitted) 203. Intermediate Survey	201. ~ 202. (same as the current Rule) 203. Intermediate Survey	
1. General 〈omitted〉	1. General 〈same as the current Rule〉	
2. Examination of ballast tanks	2. Examination of ballast tanks	
The examination of ballast tanks in Intermediate Survey is to be ance with the follows.	in accord- The examination of ballast tanks in Intermediate Survey is to be in accordance with the follows.	e
5 years ( age $\leq$ 10 years <sup>1), 2), 3)</sup>	〈same as the current Rule〉	
1. Overall Survey of representative ballast tanks	(NOTES)	-
2. Overall Survey and Close-up Survey of suspect areas identified at previous surveys	1) (same as the current Rule)	
<ul> <li>(NOTES)</li> <li>1) (omitted)</li> <li>2) Where <u>POOR coating</u> condition, corrosion or other defound in ballast tanks or where a hard protective coanot applied from the time of construction, the examina be extended to other ballast tanks of the same type.</li> <li>3) In ballast tanks other than double bottom ballast tanks a hard protective coating is found <u>in POOR</u> condition, not renewed, or where soft or semi-hard coating happlied, or where a hard protective coating was no from the time of construction, the tanks in question a examined and thickness measurements carried out as ered necessary at annual intervals.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2) Where POOR coating a hard coating is found to be in less than GOOD condition, corrosion or other defects are found in ballast tanks or where a hard protective coating was not applied from the time of construction the examination is to be extended to other ballast tanks of the same type. (2024)</li> <li>3) In ballast tanks other than double bottom ballast tanks where a hard protective coating is found in POOR to be in less than GOOD condition, and it is not renewed or where a hard protective coating has been applied or where a hard protective coating was not applied or where a hard protective coating was not applied or where a hard protective coating was not applied are to be sconsid-</li> <li>(2024)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>- 4.2.2.1, b) of</li> <li>IACS UR <b>Z10.2</b></li> <li>(<b>Rev.37</b> Feb 2023)</li> <li>reflected</li> <li>- 4.2.2.1, c) of</li> <li>IACS UR <b>Z10.2</b></li> <li>(<b>Rev.37</b> Feb 2023)</li> <li>reflected</li> </ul>

Present	Amendments	Reason
204. Special Survey 1. General (omitted)	204. Special Survey 1. General (same as the current Rule)	
<ul> <li>1. General (omitted)</li> <li>2. Tank protection <ol> <li>Where provided, the condition of the corrosion prevention system of ballast tanks is to be examined. For ballast tanks, excluding double bottom ballast tanks, where a hard protective coating is found in POOR condition and it is not renewed, where a soft or semi-hard coating has been applied, or where a hard protective coating has not been applied from the time of construction, the tanks in question are to be examined at annual intervals. Thickness measurements are to be carried out as "deemed necessary by the Surveyor". (2023)</li> <li>Note : The term "deemed necessary by the Surveyor" means the cases as specified in Ch 1, 801. 3 of the Guidance.</li> <li>(2) ~ (3) (omitted)</li> <li>(hereinafter, omitted)</li> </ol></li></ul>	<ul> <li>1. General (same as the current Rule)</li> <li>2. Tank Space protection (2024)</li> <li>(1) Where provided, the condition of the corrosion prevention system of ballast tanks is to be examined. For ballast tanks, excluding double bottom ballast tanks, where a hard protective coating is found in POOR to be in less than Good condition and it is not renewed, or where a soft or semi-hard coating has been applied, or where a hard protective coating has not been applied from the time of construction, the tanks in question are to be examined at annual intervals. Thickness measurements are to be carried out as "deemed necessary by the Surveyor". (2024)</li> <li>Note : The term "deemed necessary by the Surveyor" means the cases as specified in Ch 1, 801. 3 of the Guidance.</li> <li>(2) ~ (3) (same as the current Rule)</li> <li>(hereinafter, same as the current Rule)</li> </ul>	- 2.2.3 and 2.2.3.1 of IACS UR <b>Z10.2</b> ( <b>Rev.37</b> Feb 2023) reflected

Present	Amendments	Reason
Section 3 Oil Tankers	Section 3 Oil Tankers	
301. ~ 303. (omitted)	301. ~ 303. (same as the current Rules)	
304. Special Survey	304. Special Survey	
1. ~ 4. 〈omitted〉	1. ~ 4. 〈same as the current Rule〉	
5. Extent of tank testing [See Guidance]	5. Extent of tank testing [See Guidance]	
(1) (omitted)	(1) (same as the current Rule)	
(2) Cargo tank testing carried out by the <u>vessel's</u> crew under the di- rection of the Master may be accepted by the Surveyor provided the following conditions are complied with:	(2) Cargo tank testing carried out by the vessel's ship's crew under the direction of the Master may be accepted by the Surveyor provided the following conditions are complied with: (2024)	- 2.5.1 of IACS UR Z10.1 (Rev.25 Feb 2023) reflected
(A) 〈omitted〉	(A) 〈same as the current Rule〉	
(B) there is no record of leakage, distortion or substantial corrosion that would affect the structural integrity of the tank.	<ul> <li>(B) the tank testing is carried out prior to overall survey or close-up survey. (2024)</li> <li>(C) the tank testing is carried out within the Special Survey win-dow and not more than 3 months prior to the date on which the overall or close up survey is completed. (2024)</li> <li>(D) (B) the tank testing has been satisfactorily carried out and there is no record of leakage, distortion or substantial corrosion that would affect the structural integrity of the tank.</li> </ul>	
(C) the tank testing has been satisfactorily carried out within Special Survey window not more than 3 months prior to the date of the survey on which the Overall or Close-up Survey is completed.	(C) the tank testing has been satisfactorily carried out within Special Survey window not more than 3 months prior to the date of the survey on which the Overall or Close-up Survey is completed.	
(D) the satisfactory results of the testing is recorded in the <u>ves</u> - <u>sel's logbook.</u>	(E) (D) the satisfactory results of the testing is recorded in the vessel's ship's logbook. and (2024)	- No. readjusted.
(E) the internal and external condition of the tanks and associated structure are found satisfactory by the Surveyor at the time of the Overall and Close-up Survey.	(F) (E) the internal and external condition of the tanks and asso- ciated structure are found satisfactory by the Surveyor at the time of the Overall and Close-up Survey.	- No. readjusted.
(hereinafter, omitted)	〈hereinafter, same as the current Rule〉	

Present	Amendments	Reason
Section 5 Double Hull Oil Tankers	Section 5 Double Hull Oil Tankers	
501. ~ 503. (omitted) 504. Special Survey	501. ~ 503. (same as the current Rule) 504. Special Survey	
1. ~ 4. 〈omitted〉	1. ~ 4. (same as the current Rule)	
5. Extent of tank testing (2023)	5. Extent of tank testing <i>(2023)</i>	
(1) 〈omitted〉	(1) 〈same as the current Rule〉	
(2) Cargo tank testing carried out by the <u>vessel's</u> crew under the di- rection of the Master may be accepted by the Surveyor provided the following conditions are complied with:	(2) Cargo tank testing carried out by the vessel's ship's crew under the direction of the Master may be accepted by the Surveyor provided the following conditions are complied with: (2024)	- 2.5.1 of IACS UR Z10.4 (Rev.18 Feb 2023) reflected
(A) 〈omitted〉	(A) 〈same as the current Rule〉	
(B) there is no record of leakage, distortion or substantial corrosion that would affect the structural integrity of the tank.	<ul> <li>(B)) the tank testing is carried out prior to overall survey or close-up survey. (2024)</li> <li>(C) the tank testing is carried out within the special survey window and not more than 3 months prior to the date on which the overall or close up survey is completed. (2024)</li> <li>(D) (B) the tank testing has been satisfactorily carried out and there is no record of leakage, distortion or substantial corrosion that would affect the structural integrity of the tank. (2024)</li> </ul>	
(C) the tank testing has been satisfactorily carried out within Special Survey window not more than 3 months prior to the date of the survey on which the Overall or Close-up Survey is completed.	(C) the tank testing has been satisfactorily carried out within Special Survey window not more than 3 months prior to the date of the survey on which the Overall or Close-up Survey is completed.	
(D) the satisfactory results of the testing is recorded in the <u>ves</u> - <u>sel's logbook.</u>	(E) (D) the satisfactory results of the testing is recorded in the vessel's ship's logbook. and (2024)	– No. readjusted.
(E) the internal and external condition of the tanks and associated structure are found satisfactory by the Surveyor at the time of the Overall and Close-up Survey.	(F) (E) the internal and external condition of the tanks and asso- ciated structure are found satisfactory by the Surveyor at the time of the Overall and Close-up Survey.	- No. readjusted.
Note : The guidance on pressure testing of boundaries of cargo oil tanks under direction of the master specified in <b>304. 6</b> of the Guidance is to be applied. <i>(2023)</i>	Note : The guidance on pressure testing of boundaries of cargo oil tanks under direction of the master specified in <b>304. 6</b> of the Guidance is to be applied. <i>(2023)</i>	
(hereinafter, omitted)	(hereinafter, same as the current Rule)	

Present	Amendments	Reason
Section 6 Double Skin Bulk Carriers 601. General (omitted) 602. Annual Survey	Section 6 Double Skin Bulk Carriers 601. General (same as the current Rule) 602. Annual Survey	
1. ~ 6. (omitted)	1. ~ 6. (same as the current Rule)	
(newly added) (hereinafter, omitted)	<ul> <li>7. Examination of double-side skin void spaces for bulk carriers exceeding 20 years of age and of 150 m in length and upwards. (2024)</li> <li>Examination of double-side skin void spaces, for bulk carriers exceeding 20 years of age and of 150 m in length and upwards, are to be carried out when required as a consequence of the results of the Special Survey (as required by 604, 2, (4)) and Intermediate Survey (as required by 603, 1, (4) (a)).</li> <li>When considered necessary by the Administration, or when extensive corrosion exists, thickness measurements should be carried out.</li> <li>If the results of these thickness measurements indicate that substantial corrosion is found, the extent of thickness measurements should be increased in accordance with Table 18 of Annex 1-5.</li> <li>These extended thickness measurements should be carried out before the survey is credited as completed.</li> <li>Suspect areas identified at previous surveys should be examined.</li> <li>Areas of substantial corrosion identified at previous surveys should have thickness measurements taken.</li> <li>For bulk carriers built under the IACS Common Structural Rules (Pt 11 or Pt 13), the annual thickness gauging may be omitted where a protective coating has been applied in accordance with the coating manufacturer's requirements and is maintained in good condition.</li> </ul>	- 3.4 of IACS UR Z10.5 (Rev.20 Feb 2023) reflected
	(hereinatter, same as the current Rule)	

Present	Amendments	Reason
Present         603. Intermediate Survey         1. General (omitted)         1. General (omitted)         Description of ballast tanks         The examination of ballast tanks in Intermediate Survey is to be in accordance with the follows.         5 years( age ≤ 10 years <sup>1), 2), 3)</sup> 1. Overall Survey of representative ballast tanks       (omitted)         2. Overall Survey and Close-up Survey of suspect areas identified at previous surveys       (mitted)         (NOTES)       1) (omitted)         2) Where POOR coating condition, corrosion or other defects are found in ballast tanks or where a hard protective coating was not applied from the time of construction, the examination is to be extended to other ballast tanks of the same type.	Amendments         603. Intermediate Survey         1. General (same as the current Rule)         2. Examination of ballast tanks (same as the current Rule)         (same as the current Rule)         (NOTES)         1) (same as the current Rule)         2) Where POOR coating a hard coating is found to be in less than GOOD condition, corrosion or other defects are found in ballast tanks or where a hard protective coating was not applied from the time of construction, the examination is to be extended to other ballast tanks of the same type. (2024)	Reason - 4.2.2.1, b) of IACS UR Z10.5 (Rev.20 Feb 2023) reflected
<ul> <li>3) In ballast tanks other than double bottom ballast tanks, where a hard protective coating is found in POOR condition, and it is not renewed, or where soft or semi-hard coating has been applied, or where a hard protective coating was not applied from the time of construction, the tanks in question are to be examined and thickness measurements carried out as considered necessary at annual intervals.</li> <li>⟨omitted⟩</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3) In ballast tanks other than double bottom ballast tanks, where a hard protective coating is found in POOR to be in less than GOOD condition, and it is not renewed, or where soft or semi-hard coating has been applied, or where a hard protective coating was not applied from the time of construction, the tanks in question are to be examined and thickness measurements carried out as considered necessary at annual intervals. (2024)</li> <li>(same as the current Rule)</li> </ul>	- 4.2.2.1, c) of IACS UR Z10.5 (Rev.20 Feb 2023) reflected
<pre></pre>	(hereinafter, same as the current Rule)	

Present	Amendments	Reason
604. Special Survey 1. General (omitted)	604. Special Survey 1. General 〈same as the current Rule〉	
<ul> <li>2. <u>Tank protection</u></li> <li>(1) Where provided, the condition of the corrosion prevention system of ballast tanks is to be examined. For ballast tanks, excluding double bottom ballast tanks, where a hard protective coating is found in <u>POOR</u> condition and it is not <u>renewed</u>, where a soft or semi-hard coating has been applied from the time of construction, the tanks in question are to be examined at annual intervals. Thickness measurements are to be carried out as "deemed necessary by the Surveyor". (2023)</li> <li>Note : The term "deemed necessary by the Surveyor" means the cases as specified in Ch 1, 801. 3 of the Guidance.</li> <li>(2) ~ (3) (omitted)</li> <li>(newly added)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2. Tank Space protection (2024)</li> <li>(1) Where provided, the condition of the corrosion prevention system of ballast tanks is to be examined. For ballast tanks, excluding double bottom ballast tanks, where a hard protective coating is found in POOR to be in less than Good condition and it is not renewed, or where a soft or semi-hard coating has been applied, or where a hard protective coating has not been applied from the time of construction, the tanks in question are to be examined at annual intervals. Thickness measurements are to be carried out as "deemed necessary by the Surveyor". (2024)</li> <li>Note : The term "deemed necessary by the Surveyor" means the cases as specified in Ch 1, 801. 3 of the Guidance.</li> <li>(2) ~ (3) (same as the current Rule)</li> <li>(4) For double-side skin void spaces bounding cargo holds for bulk carriers exceeding 20 years of age and of 150 m in length and upwards, where provided, the condition of the corrosion prevention system of void spaces shall be examined. Where a hard protective coating has not been applied from the time of construction, the void spaces in question shall be examined at annual intervals.</li> <li>Thickness measurements shall be carried out as deemed necessary by the surveyor. (2024)</li> </ul>	- 2.2.3.1 of IACS UR Z10.5 (Rev.20 Feb 2023) reflected - 2.2.3.3 of IACS UR Z10.5 (Rev.20 Feb 2023) reflected
〈hereinafter, omitted〉	⟨hereinafter, same as the current Rule⟩	

### Effective Date : 1 July 2024

(The contract date for ship construction)

Present	Amendment	Note
CHAPTER 1 〈same as the present Rules〉 CHAPTER 2 PERIODICAL AND OTHER SURVEYS	CHAPTER 1 〈same as the present Rules〉 CHAPTER 2 PERIODICAL AND OTHER SURVEYS	
Section 1 〈same as the present Rules〉 Section 2 Annual Survey	Section 1 〈same as the present Rules〉 Section 2 Annual Survey	
<ul> <li>204. Additional requirements to ship types</li> <li>1. Oil tankers(including tankers) : (2023) The additional requirements are to apply to Annual Survey as follows, as far as practicable. Where "considered necessary by the Surveyor", the performance test and overhauling may be required. <ul> <li>(1) - (23) (same as the present Rules)</li> <li>(24) Checks are to be made on the resistance to the hull of the ship for bonding straps specified in Pt 7, Ch 1, 1104. by visual inspection</li> </ul></li></ul>	<ul> <li>204. Additional requirements to ship types</li> <li>1. Oil tankers(including tankers) : (2023) The additional requirements are to apply to Annual Survey as follows, as far as practicable. Where "considered necessary by the Surveyor", the performance test and overhauling may be required. (1) - (23) (same as the present Rules) (24) Checks are to be made on the resistance to the hull of the ship for bonding straps specified in Pt 7, Ch 1, 1104. Check that cargo tanks, process plant and piping systems specified in Pt 7, Ch1, 1104. are electrically bonded and connected to the hull of the ships by visual inspection. (2024)</li></ul>	(Amended) - Installed bonding straps are be checked during the
<ul> <li>(25) - (27) ⟨same as the present Rules⟩</li> <li>2. Chemical tankers (2023)</li> <li>The additional requirements are to apply to Annual Survey as follows, as far as practicable. Where "considered necessary by the Surveyor", the performance test and overhauling may be required.</li> <li>(1) - (42) ⟨same as the present Rules⟩</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(25) - (27) ⟨same as the present Rules⟩</li> <li>2. Chemical tankers (2023) The additional requirements are to apply to Annual Survey as follows, as far as practicable. Where "considered necessary by the Surveyor", the performance test and overhauling may be required. (1) - (42) ⟨same as the present Rules⟩</li></ul>	survey by visual inspection.

Present	Amendment	Note
<ul> <li>(43) <u>Checks are to be made on the resistance to the hull of the ship</u> for bonding straps specified in Pt 7, Ch 1, 1104.</li> <li>(44) (same as the present Rules)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(43) Checks are to be made on the resistance to the hull of the ship for bonding straps specified in Pt 7, Ch 1, 1104. Check that cargo tanks, process plant and piping systems specified in Pt 7, Ch1, 1104. are electrically bonded and connected to the hull of the ships by visual inspection. (2024)</li> <li>(44) (same as the present Rules)</li> </ul>	(Amended) - The requirement has been amended to check Installation of
3. Liquefied gas carriers (2023) The additional requirements are to apply to Annual Survey as follows, as far as practicable, during a loading or discharging operation. Access for cargo tanks or inerted hold spaces, however, need not be surveyed unless otherwise specially required by the Surveyor. Where "considered necessary by the Surveyor", the per- formance test and overhauling may be required	3. Liquefied gas carriers (2023) The additional requirements are to apply to Annual Survey as follows, as far as practicable, during a loading or discharging operation. Access for cargo tanks or inerted hold spaces, however, need not be surveyed unless otherwise specially required by the Surveyor. Where "considered necessary by the Surveyor", the per- formance test and overhauling may be required	bonding straps by visual inspection.
<ul> <li>Note : The term "considered necessary by the Surveyor" means the cases as specified in Ch 1, 801. 6 of the Guidance.</li> <li>(1) - (49) (same as the present Rules)</li> <li>(50) Miscellaneous</li> <li>(A) <u>It is to be verified that all accessible cargo piping systems are electrically bonded to the hull.</u></li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Note : The term "considered necessary by the Surveyor" means the cases as specified in Ch 1, 801. 6 of the Guidance.</li> <li>(1) - (49) (same as the present Rules)</li> <li>(50) Miscellaneous</li> <li>(A) It is to be verified that all accessible cargo piping systems are electrically bonded to the hull. Check that cargo tanks, process plant and piping systems specified in Pt 7, Ch1, 1104. are electrically bonded and connected to the hull of the ships by winced in procession.</li> </ul>	(Amended) - The requirement has been amended to check
<ul> <li>(B) - (D) (same as the present Rules)</li> <li>(51) - (54) (same as the present Rules)</li> <li>4. (same as the present Rules)</li> </ul>	(B) - (D) (same as the present Rules) (51) - (54) (same as the present Rules) 4. (same as the present Rules)	Installation of bonding straps by visual inspection.

Present	Amendment	Note
Section 3 Intermediate Survey 301 303. (same as the present Rules)	Section 3 Intermediate Survey 301. – 303. (same as the present Rules)	
<b>304. Additional requirements to ship types [See Guidance]</b> At each Intermediate Survey, in addition to all the requirements of Annual Survey, the following requirements are to be complied with.	<b>304. Additional requirements to ship types [See Guidance]</b> At each Intermediate Survey, in addition to all the requirements of Annual Survey, the following requirements are to be complied with.	
1. Oil tankers(including tankers) (2020) :	1. Oil tankers(including tankers) (2020) :	
The additional requirements are to apply to Intermediate Survey as follows, as far as practicable.	The additional requirements are to apply to Intermediate Survey as follows, as far as practicable.	
(1) – (2) (same as the present Rules)	(1) – (2) (same as the present Rules)	
	(3) Check that cargo tanks, process plant and piping systems speci- fied in <b>Pt 7, Ch1, 1104.</b> are electrically bonded and connected to the hull of the ships by visual inspection. (2024)	(Amended) - The requirement has been
2. Chemical tankers :	2. Chemical tankers :	amended to check
The additional requirements are to apply to Intermediate Survey as follows, as far as practicable.	The additional requirements are to apply to Intermediate Survey as follows, as far as practicable.	Installation of bonding straps by
(1) – (5) (same as the present Rules)	(1) – (5) (same as the present Rules)	visual inspection.
(6) <u>Confirmation, where applicable, that pipelines and independent</u> <u>cargo tanks are electrically bonded to the hull.</u>	(6) Confirmation, where applicable, that pipelines and independent cargo tanks are electrically bonded to the hull. Check that cargo tanks, process plant and piping systems specified in Pt 7, Ch1, 1104. are electrically bonded and connected to the hull of the ships by visual inspection. (2024)	(Amended) - The requirement has been amended to check Installation of
(7) 〈same as the present Rules〉	(7) (same as the present Rules)	bonding straps by visual inspection.

Present	Amendment	Note
3. Liquefied gas carriers : The additional requirements are to apply to Intermediate Survey as follows, as far as practicable. This survey is preferably to be carried out with the ship in a gas-free conditions. The extent of the testing required for this survey will normally be such that the survey cannot be carried out during a loading or discharging operation, and then testing cargo handling installations with related automatic control, alarm and safety systems for correct functioning. (1) Confirmation, where applicable, that pipelines and independent cargo tanks are electrically bonded to the hull.	3. Liquefied gas carriers : The additional requirements are to apply to Intermediate Survey as follows, as far as practicable. This survey is preferably to be carried out with the ship in a gas-free conditions. The extent of the testing required for this survey will normally be such that the survey cannot be carried out during a loading or discharging operation, and then testing cargo handling installations with related automatic control, alarm and safety systems for correct functioning. (1) Confirmation, where applicable, that pipelines and independent cargo tanks are electrically bonded to the hull. Check that cargo tanks, process plant and piping systems specified in Pt 7, Ch1, 1104. are electrically bonded and connected to the hull of the ships by visual inspection. (2024)	(Amended) - The requirement has been amended to check Installation of
(2) – (9) 〈same as the present Rules〉	(2) - (9) 〈same as the present Rules〉	bonding straps by
Section 4 - 5-1 (same as the present Rules)	Section 4 - 5-1 (same as the present Rules)	visual inspection.
Section 5-2 Special Survey (Additional Requirements to Ship Types)	Section 5-2 Special Survey (Additional Requirements to Ship Types)	
The Special Survey(Additional requirements to ship types), in addition to the requirements for Intermediate Survey, shall be carried out as follows.	The Special Survey(Additional requirements to ship types), in addition to the requirements for Intermediate Survey, shall be carried out as follows.	
<ul> <li>1. Oil tankers(including tankers) :</li> <li>The additional requirements are to be surveyed as follows,</li> <li>(1) - (5) (same as the present Rules)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>1. Oil tankers(including tankers) : The additional requirements are to be surveyed as follows,</li> <li>(1) - (5) (same as the present Rules)</li> <li>(6) Check that cargo tanks, process plant and piping systems specified in Pt 7, Ch1, 1104. are electrically bonded and connected to the hull of the ships by visual inspection. (2024)</li> </ul>	(Added) - The requirement has been added to check Installation of bonding straps by visual inspection.

Present	Amendment	Note
<b>2. Chemical tankers :</b> The additional requirements are to be surveyed as follows,	<b>2. Chemical tankers :</b> The additional requirements are to be surveyed as follows,	
(1) – (3) 〈same as the present Rules〉	<ul> <li>(1) - (3) (same as the present Rules)</li> <li>(4) Check that cargo tanks, process plant and piping systems specified in Pt 7, Ch1, 1104. are electrically bonded and connected to the hull of the ships by visual inspection. (2024)</li> </ul>	(Added) - The requirement has been added to check
3. Liquefied gas carriers :	3. Liquefied gas carriers :	Installation of
The additional requirements are to be surveyed as follows,	The additional requirements are to be surveyed as follows,	bonding straps by visual inspection.
(1) – (7) (same as the present Rules)	(1) - (7) 〈same as the present Rules〉	
<ul> <li>(8) Miscellaneous</li> <li>(A) - (C) (same as the present Rules)</li> <li>(D) <u>It is to be verified that all cargo piping system are electrically bonded to the hull.</u></li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(8) Miscellaneous</li> <li>(A) - (C) (same as the present Rules)</li> <li>(D) It is to be verified that all cargo piping system are electrically bonded to the hull. Check that cargo tanks, process plant and piping systems specified in Pt 7, Ch1, 1104. are electrically bonded and connected to the hull of the ships by visual inspection. (2024)</li> </ul>	(Amended) - The requirement has been amended to check Installation of bonding straps by
Section 6 - 19 (same as the present Rules)	Section 6 - 19 〈same as the present Rules〉	visual inspection.
CHAPTER 3 〈same as the present Rules〉	CHAPTER 3 〈same as the present Rules〉	

## (Draft)

## Amended Guidance Relating to the Rules for the Classification of Steel Ships

(Part 1 Classification and Surveys)



### - Main Amendments -

#### (1) Effective date : 1 April 2023 (Date of which the application for survey is submitted)

• Clarification for "Representative ballast spaces" and the acceptance of thickness measurement during TOC

- Added two(2) Internal Notes of IACS Survey Panel

#### (2) Effective date : on or after 1 Jan. 2024 (to ships contracted for construction)

• To reflect IACS UR S14(Rev.7 Dec. 2022)

#### (3) Effective date : 1 July. 2024 (Date of which the application for survey is submitted)

- Reflecting necessary requirement when applying rules
- Revision of Remarks for Oil Tanker 'ESP' in Appendix 1-1 (IACS UR Z11, Rev.5 May 2023 reflected)
- Plant notation added to "Special Feature Notations" of Mobile Offshore Unit in Appendix 1-1
- Revision of Relevant Requirements for IWS in Appendix 1-1
- Revision of Table 1 in Appendix 1–4, "Owners Inspection Report" (Reflecting IACS UR Z10.2 (Rev.37 Feb 2023) and Z10.5 (Rev.20 Feb 2023))
- Annex 1-5 "Thickness Measurement Method for Hull Structural Members" updated
  - : When hatch coaming is included in the longitudinal strength member, such as a container ship, the location and number of thickness measuring points is included on Fig 5.
  - : Figures for "wind and water strakes" have been revised

- (4) Effective date : 1 July 2024 (Date of which application for survey is submitted)
  - External Opinion Inquiry carried out between 24 Jan. and 7 Feb. 2024
  - IACS PR1A(Rev.9 Aug 2023)
    - : This revision is to ensure that clause B2.1.1 iii) for Chemical Tankers can be applied also to Oil Tankers, which have the same structure as Chemical Tankers.
  - Revision of provisions mentioning Instruction for the Classification Survey
    - : Since the Instruction for the Classification Survey are confidential, it was considered inappropriate to directly mention the relevant provisions.

# (1) Effective date : 1 April 2023

Present	Amendments	Reason
CHAPTER 1 CLASSIFICATION	CHAPTER 1 CLASSIFICATION	E-mail request from
Section 2 ~ 3 (omitted)	Section 2 ~ 3 〈same as the current Guidance〉	Dec. 2022)
Section 4 Classification Survey after Construction	Section 4 Classification Survey after Construction	– A Clarification for "a
401. ~ 402. 〈omitted〉	401. ~ 402. (same as the current Guidance)	representative number of ballast spaces" of
403. Classification Survey of ships classed by other classes or TOC(Transfer of Classification) <i>(2020)</i> [See Rule] ⟨omitted⟩	403. Classification Survey of ships classed by other classes or TOC(Transfer of Classification) <i>(2020)</i> [See Rule] ⟨same as the current Guidance⟩	Classification Survey at TOC is to be applied in accordance with the Internal Note of
1. ~ 3. (omitted)	1. ~ 3. (same as the current Guidance)	IACS Survey PANEL.
4. Classification Survey	4. Classification Survey (same as the current Guidance)	
(1) When a ship is classed by the Society as a results of transfer of class	(1) When a ship is classed by the Society as a results of transfer of class	
(A) 〈omitted〉	(A) (same as the current Guidance)	
<ul> <li>(a) Hull Classification Survey</li> <li>(i) 〈omitted〉</li> <li>(ii) For vessels between 5 and 10 years of age, the survey is to include the scope of an Annual Survey and inspection of <u>a representative number of ballast spaces</u>.</li> <li>(iii) For vessels of 10 years of age and above but less than 20 years of age, the survey is to include the scope of an Annual Survey and inspection of <u>a representative number of ballast spaces</u> and cargo spaces, except for: (2019)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(a) Hull Classification Survey</li> <li>(i) ⟨same as the current Guidance⟩</li> <li>(ii) For vessels between 5 and 10 years of age, the survey is to include the scope of an Annual Survey and inspection of <u>a representative number of ballast spaces*</u>. (2023)</li> <li>(iii) For vessels of 10 years of age and above but less than 20 years of age, the survey is to include the scope of an Annual Survey and inspection of <u>a representative number of ballast spaces*</u> and cargo spaces, except for: (2023)</li> </ul>	
① ~ ② 〈omitted〉	(1) ~ (2) (same as the current Guidance)	
<u>(note_newly_added)</u>	* Note : Representative ballast tanks include the fore and aft peak tanks and a number of other tanks, taking into account the total number and type of ballast tanks.	
(iv) ~ (ix) 〈omitted〉	(iv) ~ (ix) 〈same as the current Guidance〉	

Present	Amendments	Reason
<ul> <li>(x) In the context of applying (i) to (viii) above, as appli- cable, consideration may be given by the Society to the acceptance of thickness measurements taken by the losing society provided;</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(x) In the context of applying (i) to (viii) above, as applicable, consideration may be given by the Society to the acceptance of thickness measurements taken by the losing society provided;</li> </ul>	Survey Team's letter (SUR3000-48-2023, 10 <sup>th</sup> Jan. 2023)
<ol> <li>if the Classification Survey is to be credited as a periodical survey for maintenance of class, they were carried out within the applicable survey win-dow of the periodical survey in question.</li> <li>if the Classification Survey is not to be credited as a periodical survey for maintenance of class, they were carried out;</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>if the Classification Survey is to be credited as a periodical survey for maintenance of class, they were carried out within the applicable survey win- dow of the periodical survey in question.</li> <li>if the Classification Survey is not to be credited as a periodical survey for maintenance of class, they were carried out;</li> </ol>	- An IACS Internal Note was issued through the Survey Panel to clarify the IACS PR1A phrases
<ul> <li>within 15 months prior to completion of Classification Survey when it is in the scope of a Special Survey,</li> <li>within 18 months prior to completion of Classification Survey when it is in the scope of an Intermediate Survey.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>within 15 months prior to completion of Classification Survey when it is in the scope of a Special Survey,</li> <li>within 18 months prior to completion of Classification Survey when it is in the scope of an Intermediate Survey.</li> </ul>	in the process of taking action on finding pointed out by the 2022 EMSA Inspection in relation to the TOC Classification
In ① and ② both cases, the thickness measurements are to be reviewed by the Society for compliance with the applicable survey requirements, and <u>confirmatory gaug- ings</u> are to be taken to the satisfactory of the Society. <u>(Note newly added)</u> (bereinatter omitted)	In ① and ② both cases, the thickness measurements are to be reviewed by the Society for compliance with the applicable survey requirements, and <u>confirmatory gaugings</u> * are to be taken to the satisfactory of the Society. <u>(2023)</u>	Survey
<ul> <li>(for reference)</li> <li>PSU22050 : The acceptance of thickness measurement(TM) during TOC</li> <li>Background</li> <li>Only TOC entry survey is carried out, not actual special survey(SS), and TOC entry survey scope is 4th SS based on PR 1A.</li> <li>Intermediate survey(IS)/TM was conducted by Losing Society(LS()10 months ago as a scope of 3<sup>rd</sup> SS in accordance with UR Z10.2. Based on PR 1A, TM by LS may be accepted subject to confirmatory gauging.</li> <li>For this case, it is found that TM scope between TOC entry survey (4th SS scope) and Last IS(3rd SS scope) has the difference.</li> <li>e.g. one of differences: (TOC survey as 4th SS scope) 3 belt gauging, (IS as 3<sup>rd</sup> SS scope) 2 belt gauging</li> <li>Internal Note</li> <li>The full scope of the 4th SS requirements including additional TM is to be applied for this case.</li> </ul>	<pre></pre>	
## (2) Effective date : 1 Jan. 2024

(to ships contracted for construction)

Present	Amendments	Reason
Annex 1–16 Procedures for Testing Tanks and Tight Boundaries <i>(2018)</i>	Annex 1–16 Procedures for Testing Tanks and Tight Boundaries <i>(2018)</i>	
In the Classification Survey during construction, structural testing, leak testing and hose testing are to be carried out in accordance with the following:	In the Classification Survey during construction, structural testing, leak testing and hose testing are to be carried out in accordance with the following:	
1. General	1. General	
<ol> <li>The testing procedures of watertight compartments are to be carried out in accordance with ANNEX 1-16, the "Procedures for Testing Tanks and Tight Boundaries". The requirements of ANNEX 1-16 are divided into two parts, PART A and PART B as follows:</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(1) The testing procedures of watertight compartments are to be carried out in accordance with ANNEX 1-16, the "Procedures for Testing Tanks and Tight Boundaries". The requirements of ANNEX 1-16 are divided into two three parts, PART A. Part B and PART B C as follows: (2024)</li> </ul>	- to reflect S14.2.1 of UR S14(Rev.7 Dec. 2022)
• PART A - SOLAS Ships (including CSR BC & OT)	PART A - SOLAS Ships (including CSR BC & OT)	
PART B - <u>Non-SOLAS Ships and</u> SOLAS Exempt/Equivalent Ships	<ul> <li>PART B - Non-SOLAS Ships and SOLAS Exempt/Equivalent Ships</li> </ul>	
<u>{newly_added}</u>	• PART C - Non-SOLAS Ships	
(2) 〈omitted〉	(2) 〈same as the current Guidance〉	
(3) Testing procedures of watertight compartments are to be carried out in accordance with PART B for <u>non-SOLAS ships and those</u> SOLAS ships (including CSR BC & OT) for which:	(3) Testing procedures of watertight compartments are to be carried out in accordance with PART B for non-SOLAS ships and those SOLAS ships (including CSR BC & OT) for which: (2024)	- to reflect S14.2.3 of UR S14(Rev.7
<ul> <li>(A) the shipyard provides documentary evidence of the shipowner's agreement to a request to the Flag Administration for an exemption from the application of SOLAS Chapter II-1, Regulation 11, or for an equivalency agreeing that the content of PART B is equivalent to SOLAS Chapter II-1, Regulation 11; and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(A) the shipyard provides documentary evidence of the shipowner's agreement to a request to the Flag Administration for an exemption from the application of SOLAS Chapter II-1, Regulation 11, or for an equivalency agreeing that the content of PART B is equivalent to SOLAS Chapter II-1, Regulation 11; and</li> </ul>	Dec. 2022)
(B) the above-mentioned exemption/equivalency has been granted by the responsible Flag Administration.	(B) the above-mentioned exemption/equivalency has been granted by the responsible Flag Administration.	
<u>(newly_added)</u>	(4) Testing procedures of watertight compartments are to be carried out in accordance with <b>PART C</b> for non-SOLAS ships, see SOLAS Chapter I, Regulation 1 and Regulation 3. (2024)	- to reflect S14.2.4 of UR S14(Rev.7 Dec. 2022)

Present	Amendments	Reason
<ul> <li>PART A - SOLAS Ships</li> <li>1. GENERAL         <ul> <li>(1) These test procedures are to confirm the watertightness of tanks and watertight boundaries and the structural adequacy of tanks which consist of the watertight subdivisions (watertight subdivision means the main transverse and longitudinal subdivisions of the ship required to satisfy the subdivision requirements of SQLAS</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>PART A - SOLAS Ships</li> <li>1. GENERAL         <ol> <li>These test procedures are to confirm the watertightness of tanks and, watertight boundaries and the structural adequacy of tanks which consist form part of the watertight subdivisions (watertight subdivision means the main transverse and longitudinal sub- divisions of the ship required to satisfy the subdivision require-</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	- to reflect 1.1 ANNEX I, PART A of UR S14 (Rev.7 Dec. 2022)
<ul> <li>Chapter II-1.) of ships. These procedures may also be applied to verify the weathertightness of structures and shipboard outfitting. The tightness of all tanks and watertight boundaries of ships during new construction and those relevant to major conversions or major repairs (major repair means a repair affecting structural integrity) is to be confirmed by these test procedures prior to the delivery of the ship.</li> <li>(2) (omitted)</li> <li>2. Application (omitted)</li> <li>3. Tests Types and Definitions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ments of SOLAS Chapter II-1.) of ships. (2024)</li> <li>These procedures may also be applied to verify the weathertightness of structures and shipboard outfitting. The tightness of all tanks and watertight boundaries of ships during new construction and those relevant to major conversions or major repairs (major repair means a repair affecting structural integrity) is to be confirmed by these test procedures prior to the delivery of the ship.</li> <li>(2) (sane as the current Guidance)</li> <li>2. Application (sane as the current Guidance)</li> </ul>	
(1) ~ (2) 〈omitted〉 <u>〈newly_added〉</u>	<ul> <li>3. Tests Types and Definitions <ul> <li>(1) ~ (2) (sane as the current Guidance)</li> <li>(3) The 'top of the overflow' is defined as being the top of any overflow system which is used to prevent overfilling of a tank. Such system can be an overflow pipe, airpipe, intermediate tank. For gravity tanks (i.e. sewage, grey water and similar tanks, not filled with pumps) the top of the overflow is to be taken as the highest point of the filling line.</li> </ul></li></ul>	- to reflect 3.3 ANNEX I, PART A of UR S14 (Rev.7 Dec. 2022)
	<ul> <li><u>Note:</u> Gauging devices are not considered equivalent to an over- flow system with the exception of fuel oil overflow tanks not intended to hold fuel which have been fitted with a level alarm.</li> <li><u>Where a tank is fitted with multiple means of preventing over-</u> filling, the decision on which overflow system is to be used to determine the test head is to be based on the highest point to which the liquid may rise in service. (2024)</li> </ul>	

Present	Amendments	Reason
<ul><li>4. Test Procedures</li><li>(1) General (omitted)</li></ul>	<ul><li>4. Test Procedures</li><li>(1) General (sane as the current Guidance)</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>(2) Structural test procedures</li> <li>(A) Type and time of test</li> <li>(a) Where a structural test is specified in Table 3.1.1 or Table 3.1.2, a hydrostatic test in accordance with (4) (A) will be acceptable. Where practical limitations (strength of building berth, light density of liquid, etc.) prevent the performance of a hydrostatic test, a hydropneumatic test in accordance with (4) (A) will be acceptable.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(2) Structural test procedures</li> <li>(A) Type and time of test</li> <li>(a) Where a structural test is specified in Table 3.1.1 or Table 3.1.2, a hydrostatic test in accordance with (4) (A) will be acceptable. Where practical limitations (strength of building berth, light density of liquid, etc.) prevent the performance of a hydrostatic test, a hydropneumatic test in accordance with (4) (D) more than accordance</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>(b) hydrostatic test or hydropneumatic test for the con- firmation of structural adequacy may be carried out while the vessel is afloat, provided the results of a leak test are confirmed to be satisfactory before the vessel is afloat.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(b) hydrostatic test or hydropneumatic test for the con- firmation of structural adequacy may be carried out while the vessel is afloat, provided the results of a leak test are confirmed to be satisfactory before the vessel is afloat.</li> </ul>	
<u> (newly added)</u>	(c) Alternative equivalent tank testing procedures may be con- sidered for tanks which are constructed from composite materials such as glass reinforced plastic (GRP) and fibre reinforced plastic (FRP) based on the recommendations of the composite manufacturer. (2024)	- to reflect 4.2.1 for ANNEX I, PART A of UR S14 (Rev.7 Dec. 2022)
(c) Where the cofferdam is waived in accordance with Pt 13, Sub Pt 1, Ch 2, Sec 3, 1.2.4 of the Rules, the structural test is carried out with a test pressure increased by 1 mm in accordance with Pt 13, Sub Pt 1, Ch 2, Sec 3, 1.2.4 of the Rules.	(d) Where the cofferdam is waived in accordance with Pt 13, Sub Pt 1, Ch 2, Sec 3, 1.2.4 of the Rules, the structural test is carried out with a test pressure increased by 1 mm in accordance with Pt 13, Sub Pt 1, Ch 2, Sec 3, 1.2.4 of the Rules.	- to readjust Number

Present	Amendments	Reason
(4) Test Methods	(4) Test Methods	
(A) Hydrostatic test	(A) Hydrostatic test	
(a) Unless another liquid is approved, hydrostatic tests are to consist of filling the space with fresh water or sea water, whichever is appropriate for testing to the level specified in Table 3.1.1 or Table 3.1.2.	(a) Unless another liquid is approved, hydrostatic tests are to consist of filling the space with fresh water or sea water, whichever is appropriate for testing to the level specified in Table 3.1.1 or Table 3.1.2.	
Also refer to 4. (7) "Hydrostatic or hydropneumatic tight- ness test.	Also refer to 4. (7) "Hydrostatic or hydropneumatic tight- ness test.	
(b) In cases where a tank is designed for cargo densities greater than sea water and testing is with fresh water or sea water, the testing pressure height is to simulate the actual loading for those greater cargo densities as far as <u>practicable.</u>	(b) In cases where a tank is designed for cargo densities greater than sea water and testing is with fresh water or sea water, the testing pressure height is to simulate the actual loading for those greater cargo densities as far as practicable:, but the test pressure shall not exceed the maximum design internal pressure at the top of tank. (2024)	- to reflect 4.4.1 for ANNEX I, PART A of UR S14 (Rev.7 Dec. 2022)
(c) All external surfaces of the tested space are to be exam- ined for structural distortion, bulging and buckling, other related damage and leaks.	(c) All external surfaces of the tested space are to be exam- ined for structural distortion, bulging and buckling, other related damage and leaks.	

			Present					Am	endments		Reason
Tab	le 3.1.1 Test Requ	uirements fo	r Tanks and Boundaries		Та	able 3	3.1.1 Test Requ	irements for	r Tanks and Boundaries		
	Tank or boundary to be tested	Test type	Test head or pressure	Remarks		Ta to	ank or boundary o be tested	Test type	Test head or pressure	Remarks	- to reflect Table 1 for ANNEX I,
1	Double bottom tanks <sup>(4)</sup>	Leak and Structural <sup>(1)</sup>	The greater of - top of the <u>overflow,</u> - to 2.4m above top of tank <sup>(2)</sup> , or - to bulkhead deck	-		1 D ta	Pouble bottom anks <sup>(4)</sup> <u>(2024)</u>	Leak and Structural <sup>(1)</sup>	The greater of - top of the overflow <sup>(10)</sup> , - to 2.4m above top of tank <sup>(2)</sup> , or - to bulkhead deck	_	PARI A of UK S14 (Rev.7 Dec. 2022)
		1	<pre></pre>					<sane a<="" td=""><td>as the current Guidance&gt;</td><td></td><td></td></sane>	as the current Guidance>		
3	Double side tanks	Leak and Structural <sup>(1)</sup>	The greater of - top of the <u>overflow</u> , - to 2.4m above top of tank <sup>(2)</sup> , or - to bulkhead deck	-		3 D ta	Double side anks <u>(2024)</u>	Leak and Structural <sup>(1)</sup>	The greater of - top of the overflow <sup>(10)</sup> , - to 2.4m above top of tank <sup>(2)</sup> , or - to bulkhead deck	-	
		1	<pre></pre>					sane a	as the current Guidance>		
5	Deep tanks other than those listed elsewhere in this table	Leak and Structural <sup>(1)</sup>	The greater of - top of the <u>overflow</u> , or - to 2.4m above top of tank <sup>(2)</sup>	-		5 th el	Deep tanks other nan those listed Isewhere in this able <i>(2024)</i>	Leak and Structural <sup>(1)</sup>	The greater of - top of the overflow <sup>(10)</sup> , or - to 2.4m above top of tank <sup>(2)</sup>	-	
6	Cargo oil tanks	Leak and Structural <sup>(1)</sup>	The greater of - top of the <u>overflow</u> , - to 2.4m above top of tank <sup>(2)</sup> , or - to top of tank <sup>(2)</sup> plus <u>setting</u> <u>of any</u> pressure <u>relief valve</u>	-		6 C	Cargo oil tanks <u>(2024)</u>	Leak and Structural <sup>(1)</sup>	The greater of - top of the overflow <sup>(10)</sup> , - to 2.4m above top of tank <sup>(2)</sup> , or - to top of tank <sup>(2)</sup> plus setting of any the design vapour pressure relief valve	_	
		1	<pre> domitted &gt;</pre>					<sane a<="" td=""><td>as the current Guidance&gt;</td><td></td><td></td></sane>	as the current Guidance>		
8	Peak tanks	Leak and Structural <sup>(1)</sup>	The greater of - top of the <u>overflow</u> , or - to 2.4m above top of tank <sup>(2)</sup>	After peak to be tested after installation of stern tube		8 P	'eak tanks <u>(2024)</u>	Leak and Structural <sup>(1)</sup>	The greater of - top of the overflow <sup>(10)</sup> , or - to 2.4m above top of tank <sup>(2)</sup>	After peak to be tested after installation of stern tube	
		•	<pre></pre>					<sane a<="" td=""><td>as the current Guidance&gt;</td><td></td><td></td></sane>	as the current Guidance>		
L											

Pre	esent		Amendments			Reason		
20 Ballast ducts Leak and p Structural <sup>(1)</sup>	e greater of ballast pump maximum pressure, or - setting of any pressure relief valve		20	Ballast ducts	Leak and Structural <sup>(1)</sup>	The greater of - ballast pump maximum pressure, or - setting of any pressure relief valve	_	- to reflect Table 1 for ANNEX I, PART A of UR S14 (Rev.7 Dec. 2022)
21 Fuel oil tanks Leak and Structural <sup>(1)</sup> $- transform tanks$	e greater of top of the <u>overflow</u> , to 2.4m above top of tank <sup>(2)</sup> , to top of tank <sup>(2)</sup> plus <u>setting</u> <u>any</u> pressure <u>relief valves</u> , or to bulkhead deck		21	Fuel oil tanks <u>(2024)</u>	Leak and Structural <sup>(1)</sup>	The greater of - top of the overflow <sup>(10)</sup> , - to 2.4m above top of tank <sup>(2)</sup> , or - to top of tank <sup>(2)</sup> plus setting of any the design vapour pressure relief valves, or - to bulkhead deck	_	
<u>(newly</u>	<u>y added)</u>		22	Fuel oil overflow tanks not intended to hold fuel (2024)	Leak and Structural <sup>(1)</sup>	<u>The greater of</u> <u>- top of the overflow<sup>(10)</sup>,</u> <u>- to 2.4m above top of tank<sup>(2)</sup>,</u> <u>or</u> <u>- to bulkhead deck</u>	=	
Note: <sup>(1)</sup> ~ <sup>(5)</sup> (omitted) <sup>(6)</sup> Where water tightness of a war prototype test, testing by fillir carried out. See SOLAS regulat <sup>(7)</sup> ~ <sup>(9)</sup> (omitted) <u>(newly added)</u>	vatertight door has not been confirmed ing watertight spaces with water is to tion II-1/16.2 and <u>MSC/Circ.1176.</u>	by be	No	te: <sup>(1)</sup> ~ <sup>(5)</sup> 〈sane as <sup>(6)</sup> Where water prototype te carried out <u>MSC.1/Circ.1</u> <sup>(7)</sup> ~ <sup>(9)</sup> 〈sane as <u>(<sup>10)</sup> Refer to sec</u>	tightness of est, testing by See SOLA 1572/Rev.1. (2 the current ( tion 3. (3) (20	Guidance> a watertight door has not been c filling watertight spaces with wa AS regulation II-1/16.2 and <del>Mt</del> (024) Guidance> 24)	confirmed by ter is to be <del>SC/Circ.1176</del>	- to reflect Notes of Table 1 for ANNEX I, PART A of UR S14 (Rev.7 Dec. 2022)

Present	Amendments	Reason
Table 3.1.2 Additional Test Requirements for Special Service Ships/Tanks	Table 3.1.2 Additional Test Requirements for Special Service Ships/Tanks	
Type of         Structures         Type of         Test head or pressure         Remarks           ship/tank         to be tested         test         Test head or pressure         Remarks	Type of         Structures         Type of           ship/tank         to be tested         test	- to reflect Table 2 for
1 (omitted)	1 (sane as the current Guidance)	ANNEX I,
2     Edible liquid tanks     Independent tanks     Leak and structural <sup>(1)</sup> The greater of - top of the <u>overflow</u> , or - to 0.9m above top of tank <sup>(2)</sup>	2       Edible liquid tanks       Independent tanks       Leak and structural <sup>(1)</sup> The greater of - top of the overflow <sup>(3)</sup> , or - to 0.9m above top of tank <sup>(2)</sup>	PART A of UR S14 (Rev.7 Dec. 2022)
3       Chemical carriers       Integral or independent cargo tanks       Leak and structural <sup>(1)</sup> The greater of - to 2.4m above top of tank <sup>(2)</sup> , or - to top of tank <sup>(2)</sup> , or - to top of tank <sup>(2)</sup> plus setting of any pressure relief valve       Where a cargo tank is designed for the carriage of cargoes with specific gravities larger than 1.0, an appropriate additional head is to be considered <sup>(3)</sup>	3       Chemical carriers       Integral or independent cargo tanks       Leak and structural <sup>(1)</sup> The greater of - to 2.4m above top of tank is designed for - to top of tank <sup>(2)</sup> , or - to top of tank <sup>(2)</sup> plus setting of any the design vapour pressure relief valve       Where a cargo tank is designed for the carriage of cargoes with specific gravities larger than 1.0, an appropriate-additional head is to be considered <sup>(3)</sup> see section 4. (4) (A)	
Note:       (1) Refer to 4 (2) (B)         (2) Top of tank is deck forming the top of the tank excluding any hatchways.         (3) For gravity tanks that are to be loaded with cargoes having a cargo density exceeding 1.0, a hydrostatic test is to be carried out with a head of water to the height obtained from the following formula above the top of the tank. $\frac{H}{2}(\gamma-1)+2.4 \ (m)$ H : Vertical distance measured from the lower edge of the bulkhead plate of the tank top of the tank (m) $\gamma$ : Density of cargoes loaded in the tank         (omitted)	Note: <sup>(1)</sup> Refer to 4 (2) (B) <sup>(2)</sup> Top of tank is deck forming the top of the tank excluding any hatchways. <sup>(3)</sup> (same as the current Guidance) Refer to section 3. (3) (2024)	- to reflect Notes of Table 2 for ANNEX I, PART A of UR S14 (Rev.7 Dec. 2022)

Present	Amendments	Reason
PART B - <u>Non-SOLAS Ships and SOLAS</u> <u>Exemption</u> /Equivalent Ships	PART B - <del>Non-</del> SOLAS <del>Ships and SOLAS</del> Exemption <u>Exempt</u> /Equivalent Ships <u>(2024)</u>	- to reflect ANNEX I, PART B
1. GENERAL	1. GENERAL	Dec. 2022)
<ul> <li>(1) These test procedures are to confirm the watertightness of tanks and watertight boundaries and the structural adequacy of tanks which <u>consist</u> of the watertight subdivisions (watertight subdivision means the main transverse and longitudinal subdivisions of the ship required to satisfy the subdivision requirements of SOLAS Chapter II-1.) of ships. These procedures may also be applied to verify the weathertightness of structures and shipboard outfitting. The tightness of all tanks and watertight boundaries of ships during new construction and those relevant to major conversions or major repairs (major repair means a repair affecting structural integrity) is to be confirmed by these test procedures prior to the delivery of the ship.</li> <li>(2) Testing procedures of watertight compartments are to be carried out in accordance with PART B for <u>non-SOLAS ships and</u> those SOLAS ships (including CSR BC &amp; OT) for which:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(1) These test procedures are to confirm the watertightness of tanks and, watertight boundaries and the structural adequacy of tanks which consist form part of the watertight subdivisions (watertight subdivision means the main transverse and longitudinal sub-divisions of the ship required to satisfy the subdivision requirements of SOLAS Chapter II-1.) of ships. These procedures may also be applied to verify the weathertightness of structures and shipboard outfitting. The tightness of all tanks and watertight boundaries of ships during new construction and those relevant to major conversions or major repairs (major repair means a repair affecting structural integrity) is to be confirmed by these test procedures prior to the delivery of the ship. (2024)</li> <li>(2) Testing procedures of watertight compartments are to be carried out in accordance with PART B for non-SOLAS ships and those SOLAS ships (including CSR BC &amp; OT) for which: (2024)</li> </ul>	- to reflect 1.1 & 1.2 for ANNEX I, PART B of UR S14 (Rev.7 Dec. 2022)
(A) ~ (B) {omitted}	(A) ~ (B) (same as the current Guidance)	
2. APPLICATION	2. APPLICATION	
(1) Testing procedures are to be carried out in accordance with the re- quirements of PART A in association with the following alternative procedures for 4. (2) (B) of PART A "Testing Schedule for New Construction or Major Structural <u>Conversion</u> " and alternative test re- <u>quirements for PART A</u> Table 3.1.1.	(1) Testing procedures are to be carried out in accordance with the re- quirements of PART A in association with the following alternative procedures for 4. (2) (B) of PART A "Testing Schedule for New Construction or Major Structural Conversion" and alternative test re- quirements for PART A Table 3.1.1. (2024)	- to reflect 2.1 & 2.5 for ANNEX I, PART B of UR S14 (Rev.7 Dec. 2022)
(2) ~ (4) 〈omitted〉	(2) ~ (4) 〈same as the current Guidance〉	
<u>(newly_added)</u>	(5) For tanks which are less than 2 m <sup>3</sup> in volume, structural testing may be replaced by leak testing. (2024)	

Present	Amendments	Reason
(5) Where the structural adequacy of the <u>tanks</u> of a vessel were veri- fied by the structural testing required in <b>PART ATable 3.1.1</b> , sub- sequent vessels in the series (i.e. sister ships built from the same plans at the same shipyard) may be exempted from structural test- ing of tanks, provided that:	(5) (6) Where the structural adequacy of the tanks <u>and spaces</u> of a vessel were verified by the structural testing required in <u>by either</u> PART A—Table 3.1.1; or <u>PART B 2. (3)</u> , subsequent vessels in the series (i.e. sister ships built from the same plans at the same shipyard) may be exempted from structural testing of tanks, provided that: (2024)	- to reflect 2.6 for ANNEX I, PART B of UR S14(Rev.7 Dec. 2022)
(A) water-tightness of boundaries of all tanks <u>is</u> verified by leak tests and thorough inspections are carried out.	<ul> <li>(A) water-tightness of boundaries of all tanks is and spaces are verified by leak tests and thorough inspections are carried out.</li> </ul>	
(B) structural testing is carried out for at least one <u>tank</u> of "each type" among all <u>tanks</u> of each sister vessel. <i>(2022)</i>	(B) structural testing is carried out for at least one tank <u>or space</u> of "each type" among all tanks <u>/spaces</u> of each sister vessel.	
Note : The expression of "each type" refers to the purpose of the tanks given in each row of <b>Table 3.1.1</b> where the structural testing is required.	Note : The expression of "each type" refers to the purpose of the tanks given in each row of <b>Table 3.1.1</b> where the structural testing is required.	
(C) additional <u>tanks</u> may require structural testing if found necessary after the structural testing of the first tank or if deemed nec- essary by the attending Surveyor.	(C) additional tanks <u>and spaces</u> may require structural testing if found necessary after the structural testing of the first tank or if deemed necessary by the attending Surveyor.	
For cargo space boundaries adjacent to other compartments in tankers and combination carriers or boundaries of tanks for segre- gated cargoes or pollutant cargoes in other types of ships, <u>the pro-</u> visions of paragraph PART B 2. (3) shall apply in lieu of paragraph PART B 2. (5). (B).	For cargo space boundaries adjacent to other compartments in tankers and combination carriers or boundaries of tanks for segregated cargoes or pollutant cargoes in other types of ships, the provisions of paragraph PART B 2. (3) shall apply in lieu of paragraph PART B 2. (5). (B): structural tests are to be carried out for at least one tank of a group of tanks having structural similarity (i.e. same design conditions, alike structural configurations with only minor localised differences determined to be acceptable by the attending Surveyor) on each vessel provided all other tanks are tested for leaks by an air test.	

Present	Amendments	Reason
<ul> <li>(6) Sister ships built (i.e. keel laid) two years or more after the delivery of the last ship of the series, may be tested in accordance with PART B 2. (5) at the discretion of the <u>Classification Society</u>, provided that:</li> <li>(A) general workmanship has been maintained (i.e. there has been no discontinuity of shipbuilding or significant changes in the construction methodology or technology at the yard, shipyard personnel are appropriately qualified and demonstrate an adequate level of workmanship has determined by the <u>Classification Society</u>); and</li> <li>(B) an NDT plan is implemented and evaluated by the <u>Classification Society</u> for the tanks not subject to structural tests. Shipbuilding quality standards for the hull structure during new construction are to be reviewed and agreed during the kick-off meeting. Structural fabrication Society prior to the commence with IACS Recommendation 47, "Shipbuilding and Repair Quality Standard", or a recognised fabrication standard which has been accepted by the Classification Society prior to the commence ment of fabrication/construction. The work is to be carried out in accordance with the Rules and under survey of the Classification Society.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(6) (7) Sister ships built (i.e. keel laid) two years or more after the delivery of the last ship of the series, may be tested in accordance with PART B 2. (5) (6) at the discretion of the Classification Society, provided that: (2024)</li> <li>(A) general workmanship has been maintained (i.e. there has been no discontinuity of shipbuilding or significant changes in the construction methodology or technology at the yard, shipyard personnel are appropriately qualified and demonstrate an adequate level of workmanship as determined by the Classification Society): and</li> <li>(B) an NDT plan is implemented and evaluated by the Classification Society for the tanks not subject to structural tests. Shipbuilding quality standards for the hull structure during new construction are to be reviewed and agreed during the kick-off meeting. Structural fabrication 47; "Shipbuilding and Repair Quality Standard", or a recognised fabrication Society prior to the commencement of fabrication Society.</li> </ul>	- to reflect 2.7 for ANNEX I, PART B of UR S14(Rev.7 Dec. 2022)

Present	Amendments	Reason
<u>(newly added)</u>	PART C - Non-SOLAS Ships (2024)      Organ Solution (1) These test procedures are to confirm the watertightness of tanks, watertight boundaries and the structural adequacy of tanks which form part of the watertight subdivisions (watertight subdivision means the main transverse and longitudinal subdivisions of the ship) of ships. These procedures may also be applied to verify the watertightness of structures and shipboard outfitting. The trait interest may also be applied to verify the watertightness of structures and shipboard outfitting. The trait interest may also be applied to verify the watertightness of structures and shipboard outfitting. The trait integrity is to be confirmed by these test procedures may also be applied to verify the watertightness of structural and those relevant to major conversions or major repairs (major repair means a repair affecting structural integrity) is to be confirmed by these test procedures prior to the delivery of the ship.  (2) Testing procedures are to be carried out in accordance with the requirements of PART A in association with the following alternative procedures for 4. (2) (B) of PART A Testing Schedule for New Construction or Maior Structural Conversion, alternative procedures for 4. (2) (B) of PART A Testing Schedule for New Construction or Maior Structural Conversion, (2) The tank boundaries are to be tested from at least one side. The tanks for structural test are to be selected so that all representative structural members are tested for the expected tension and compression.  (3) The requirements given in Table 3.1.1 of Part A to structural testing is to be taken as 0.3D + 0.76 m above the top of the tank where the top of the tank is the deck forming the top of the tank, excluding any hetchways and D is the depth of the ship. The minimum test pressure for structural testing is to be taken as 0.3D + 0.76 m above the top of the tank where the top of the tank is the deck forming the top of the tank, shaving structural structural testing is a group of tanks h	- to reflect ANNEX I, PART C of UR S14 (Rev.7 Dec. 2022)

Present	Amendments	Reason
<u>Present</u> <u>⟨newly added⟩</u>	<ul> <li>Amendments</li> <li>(7) Where the structural adequacy of the tanks and spaces of a vessel were verified by the structural testing required by either PART A or PART C 2. (4), subsequent vessels in the series (i.e. sister ships built from the same plans at the same shipyard) may be exempted from structural testing of tanks, provided that:</li> <li>(A) water-tightness of boundaries of all tanks and spaces are verified by leak tests and thorough inspections are carried out.</li> <li>(B) structural testing is carried out for at least one tank or space among all tanks/spaces of each sister vessel.</li> <li>(C) additional tanks and spaces may require structural testing if found necessary after the structural testing of the first tank or if deemed necessary by the attending Surveyor.</li> <li>For cargo space boundaries adjacent to other compartments in tankers and combination carriers or boundaries of tanks for segregated cargoes or pollutant cargoes in other types of ships, structural tests are to be carried out for at least one tank of a group of tanks having structural similarity (i.e. same design conditions, alike structural configurations with only minor localised differences determined to be acceptable by the attending Surveyor) on each vessel provided all other tanks are tested for leaks by an air test.</li> <li>(8) Sister ships built (i.e. keel laid) two years or more after the delivery of the last ship of the series, may be tested in accordance with PART C 2. (7) at the discretion of the Society, provided that:</li> <li>(A) general workmanship has been mainteined (i.e. there has been no discontinuity of shipbuilding or significant changes in the construction methodology or technology at the yard, shipyard personnel are appropriately qualified and demonstrate an adequate level of workmanship as determined by the Society); and</li> <li>(B) an NDT plan is implemented and evaluated by the Society for the tanks not subject to structural tests, Shipbuilding quality standards for the hull structure during ne</li></ul>	Reason - to reflect ANNEX I, PART C of UR S14 (Rev.7 Dec. 2022)
	Shipbuilding quality standards for the hull structure during new construction are to be reviewed and agreed during the kick-off meeting. The work is to be carried out in accordance with the Rules and under survey of the Society.	

## (3) Effective date : 1 July 2024

(Date of which application for survey is submitted)

Present	Amendments	Reason
CHAPTER 2 PERIODICAL AND OTHER SURVEYS	CHAPTER 2 PERIODICAL AND OTHER SURVEYS	
Section 2 Annual Survey         \Newly added>         (herein after, omitted)	Section 2 Annual Survey 204. Additional requirements to ship types (2024) 3. Liquefied gas carriers : (2024) (1) In application to 204. 3 (55) of the Rules, application of appro- priate protective screens/devices to prevent the passage of flame should be considered to Pt 7, Ch 5, 802. 15 of the Rules. [See Rule] (2024) (herein after, same as present)	

## Present Amendments Reason Annex 1-1 Class Notations Annex 1-1 Class Notations 1 Class Notations 1 Class Notations 1.1 Ship Type and Special Feature Notations 1.1 Ship Type and Special Feature Notations - 2.1 of IACS UB Z11 (Rev.6 May 2023) reflected Special Feature Special Feature Ship Types Remarks Ship Types Remarks Notations Notations (1) : (omitted) (1) : (same as the current 1. Oil Tanker Crude 1. Oil Tanker Crude 'ESP'(2-1) 'ESP'(2-1) Product Product Guidances> (Double Hull)<sup>(2-2)</sup> (Double Hull)<sup>(2-2)</sup> Crude/Product Crude/Product (Double Hull)(EXP)(2-3) Product/Asphalt (2-1) : The notation "ESP" shall (Double Hull)(EXP)(2-3) Product/Asphalt (2-1): The notation "ESP" shall (FAC)<sup>(1)</sup> (FAC)<sup>(1)</sup> Asphalt Asphalt be assigned to ships be assigned to ships (FAO)<sup>(1)</sup> (FAO)<sup>(1)</sup> which are constructed which are constructed (FBC)<sup>(1)</sup> (FBC)<sup>(1)</sup> generally with integral generally with integral (CSR)<sup>(2-4)</sup> (CSR)<sup>(2-4)</sup> tanks and intended pricargo tanks and intended primarily to carry oil in marily to carry oil in bulk. This type notation bulk. This type notation shall be assigned to shall be assigned to tankers of both single tankers of both single and double hull conand double hull construction. as well as struction. as well as tankers with alternative tankers with alternative structural arrangements. structural arrangements, e.g. mid-deck designs. e.g. mid-deck designs. (Typical midship sections (Typical midship sections are given in Fig 1) are given in Fig 1) (2024) (omitted) (same as the current Guidance> (hereinafter, omitted) (hereinafter, same as the current Guidance)

	Preser	nt				Amendm	ients		Reason
Ship Types	Special Feat	ure Notations	Remarks	Shi	p Types	Special Feat	ure Notations	Remarks	- Added missing Special
	<b>(</b> omit	tted>				⟨same as the cu	urrent Guidance>		Feature Notations
22. Mobile	A(Type)	B(Purpose)		22.	Mobile	A(Type)	B(Purpose)		Rules for Mobile
Offshore Unit	Self-elevating Column-stabilized Ship Type Barge Type	Crane Accommodation Floating Pier <u>(Newly added)</u>	Uni	Unit	hore t	Self-elevating Column-stabilized Ship Type Barge Type	Crane Accommodation Floating Pier <u>Plant (2024)</u>		Offshore Units, Ch 11, "Specific Offshore Unit Types" consist Sec 1 "Offshore Crane
23. Mobile	A(T	ype)		23.	Mobile	A(T	ype)		Units",
Offshore Drilling Unit	shore illing Unit Self-elevating Column-stabilized Ship Type Barge Type			Offshore Drilling Unit		Self-elevating Column-stabilized Ship Type Barge Type			Sec 2 "Offshore Accommodation Units", Sec 3 "Floating Piers" and Sec 4 "Offshore
	∖omit	tted>		(same as the current Guidance)					Plant Units", of which
〈hereinafter, omitted〉			<pre></pre>					Sec 4 is omitted as Special Feature Notations and added this time.	

Present	Amendments	Reason
(Remarks) <sup>(35)</sup> : The following Additional Special Feature Notations are to be appended to ships complying with the relevant requirements. The Additional Special Feature Notations are to be located under Service Restriction Notations of Hull after Special Feature Notations regardless whether they are hull items or machinery items. <i>(2023)</i>	(Remarks) <sup>(35)</sup> : The following Additional Special Feature Notations are to be appended to ships complying with the relevant requirements. The Additional Special Feature Notations are to be located under Service Restriction Notations of Hull after Special Feature Notations regardless whether they are hull items or machinery items. <i>(2023)</i>	<ul> <li>Clarify the Relevant Requirement.</li> <li>To avoid any misunderstanding, as ships without IWS Notation can undergo In</li> </ul>
Additional Special         Relevant Requirements	Additional Special         Relevant Requirements	-water Survey.
<pre></pre>	(same as the current Guidance)	
IWS IWS <u>complying with the requirements specified in <b>Ch</b> <b>2, 604. 3</b> (8) of the Rules.</u>	IWS to ships <u>that meets the requirements speci-</u> fied in <b>Ch 2, 604. 3</b> (8) of the Rules for the purpose of carrying out In-water Survey more smoothly. <i>(2024)</i>	
<pre>(omitted)</pre>	(same as the current Guidance)	
<pre></pre>	(hereinafter, same as the current Guidance)	

					Prese	ent					Reason
Annex 1-4 Owners Inspection Report											
ner of nd re <b>ble 1</b>	er of ships subject to the enhanced survey programme such as bulk carriers, oil tankers and chemical tankers, etc. is to complete the Owner Inspection nd retain it inside the ship, according to requirement <b>Ch 3, 103.</b> of the Rules. An example of the Owner Inspection Report is shown in <b>Table 1.</b>							- TABLE II IACS <b>UR</b> : ( <b>Rev.37</b> Feb :			
			Owners Ir	nspection Rep	oort(Structural Co	ndition)					and Z10.5 (Re
• Sh	nip's Name :			∘ Ta	ank No./Hold No.	:					Feb 2023) refle
• Gr	ade of Steel :										
• [	Deck :			· Side	:						
۰E	Bottom :			· Long	i. BHD:						
· 7	Frans. BHD :										
	Elements	Cracks	Buckling	Corrosion	Coating Cond.	Pitting	Rep., Mod	Other			
		·	·	<or< td=""><td>nitted&gt;</td><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></or<>	nitted>	•					
• Re	epairs carried o	out due to	:								
• Th • [ • F	iickness meası Date : Result in Gene	urements ca ral :	arried out :								
° 0\	verdue Survey	:									
• Oı	utstanding Con	ditions of C	Class :								
• Co	omments :										
<u>{newl</u>	<u>y added&gt;</u>										
• Da	ate of Inspection	on :							 -		
• Ins	spected by	:									
• Sid											
	gnataro	•									

					Amendr	nents							Reason
				Annex 1	-4 Owners	Inspectio	on Report						
wner of and re <b>Table 1</b>	ships subject etain it inside t <b>Example of</b>	to the enha he ship, ac <b>Owner Insp</b>	nced survey cording to r	programme s equirement <b>C</b> ort	uch as bulk carri h 3, 103. of the	ers, oil tanke Rules. An e	ers and chemi example of th	cal tanker e Owner	s, etc. i Inspect	s to comple ion Report	ete the Ow is shown i	ner Inspection in <b>Table 1.</b>	- TABLE III IACS <b>UR Z1</b> ( <b>Rev.37</b> Feb 20 and <b>Z10.5</b> ( <b>Rev</b>
			Owners Ir	nspection Rep	ort(Structural Co	ndition)				]			Feb 2023) reflect
• Sh	nip's Name :			∘ Ta	nk No./Hold No.	:							
• Gr	rade of Steel :												
· [	Deck :			· Side	:								
۰E	Bottom :			• Long	i. BHD :								
• 1	Trans. BHD :												
	Elements	Cracks	Buckling	Corrosion	Coating Cond.	Pitting	Rep., Mod	Other					
			٢	ame as the c	urrent Guidance)	•	· ·						
• Re	epairs carried o	out due to	:										
∘ Th •[ •F	nickness measu Date : Result in Gene	urements ca ral :	arried out :										
° 0\	verdue Survey	:											
• Oı	utstanding Con	ditions of C	Class :										
∘ Co	omments :												
<u>* R</u>	epairs are to b	be surveyed	by the Soc	ciety <i>(2024)</i>									
• Da	ate of Inspection	on :											
• In:	spected by	:											
∘ Sie	gnature	:											
	~									J			

Present	Amendments	Reason
Annex 1–5 Thickness Measurement Method for Hull Structural Members	Annex 1–5 Thickness Measurement Method for Hull Structural Members <u>(2024)</u>	It was introduced a long time ago, so it
<ul> <li>1. General <ol> <li>Purpose of thickness measurement (2022)</li> <li>(A) Corrosion seems to be one of the common denominators in many cases of serious hull casualties resulting in losses of vessels, cargoes and human lives.</li> <li>The purpose of thickness measurement <u>described in the Rules</u> is to prevent vessels from hull casualties. Information provided in the report of hull thickness measurements for a vessel put in service indicates that the vessel is maintaining sufficient local and global strength, if necessary renewal/repair works can be made accordingly.</li> <li>Therefore, thickness measurement reports giving information for the assessment of hull strength(<u>including watertight integrity</u>) as well as for the maintenance of the hull is to be carefully considered.</li> </ol> </li> <li>(2) Extent of thickness measurement </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>1. General <ul> <li>Purpose of thickness measurement (2022)</li> <li>(A) Corrosion seems to be one of the common denominators in many cases of serious hull casualties resulting in losses of vessels, cargoes and human lives.</li> <li>The purpose of thickness measurement described in the Rules is to prevent vessels from hull casualties. Information provided in the report of hull thickness measurements for a vessel put in service indicates that the vessel is maintaining sufficient local and global strength, if necessary renewal/repair works can be made accordingly.</li> <li>Therefore, thickness measurement reports giving information for the assessment of hull strength(including watertight integrity) as well as for the maintenance of the hull is to be carefully considered. (2024)</li> </ul> </li> <li>(2) Extent of thickness measurement (same as the current Guidance)</li> <li>(3) Thickness measurement report (2024)</li> </ul>	needs to be updated. 1. (1) Introduced in 1988.
<ul> <li>(A) The thickness measurement report submitted to the Society shall include the general particulars as shown in Table 19, measuring position, diagram with details of the position to be measured, original thickness, maximum allowable diminution and present thickness(gauged) and diminution, etc. Reporting form shown in Table 20(or equivalent form) is to be used for recording measuring position, original thickness, maximum allowable diminution, present thickness(gauged) and diminution, etc.</li> <li>(B) The thickness measurement report is to be verified and countersigned by the attending Surveyor, and the record is to be kept in the Society and on board the ship.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(A) Thickness measurement reports are to be recorded in the following form and submitted.</li> <li>(a) General particulars as shown in Table 19: and</li> <li>(b) In case of non-CSR ships, measuring position, diagram with details of the position to be measured, original thickness, maximum allowable diminution and present thickness(gauged) and diminution, etc. Reporting form shown in Table 20-1(or equivalent form).</li> <li>(c) In case of ships built in accordance with the IACS Common Structural Rules (Pt 11, Pt 12 or Pt 13 of the Rules), measuring position, diagram with details of the position to be measured, as builted thickness, voluntary thickness addition, renewal thickness, present thickness(gauged) and remaining corrosion addition, etc. Reporting form shown in Table 20-2(or equivalent form).</li> <li>(B) The thickness measurement report is to be verified and countersigned by the attending Surveyor, and the record is to be kept in the Society and on board the ship:</li> </ul>	- Updated because they overlap with Ch 2, 111, 5 and 6, and Ch 3, 103, 2 of the Rules.

Present	Amendments	Reason
<b>2. Wear Limit</b> (1) General	2. Wear Limit (1) General	2. (1), introduced in 2000
<ul> <li>(A) This annex provides standard of wear limit for decision of repair of <u>main hull structural members</u>. Wear limit or allowable wear quantity means allowable wear limit.</li> <li>(B) <u>When worn down thickness of hull structural members exceed the wear limit, inspections are to be carried out in detail and corresponding hull structural members are to be renewed by an advect of the structural members.</u></li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(A) This annex provides standard of wear limit for decision of repair of main hull structural members <u>or hull equipment</u>. Wear limit or allowable wear quantity means allowable wear limit.</li> <li>(B) <u>When worn down thickness of hull structural members exceed the wear limit, inspections are to be carried out in detail and corresponding hull structural members are to be renewed</u></li> </ul>	- Annex 1-5 also mention "hatch covers" or supporting hull structures associated with towing and
(C) Wear limit provided by this appex is based on the require-	by the date recommended by the Surveyor. If the thickness measurement results of structural members or fittings exceed the wear limit, the processing procedure is to comply with Ch 2, 109. of the Rules.	<ul> <li>mooring, so hull</li> <li>equipment is added.</li> <li>Updated because</li> <li>they overlap with Ch 2,</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>(c) <u>Wear limit provided by this affine is based on the require</u> ments and scantlings during construction. Therefore, the wear limit for the structural members which have scantlings larger than the required ones and margin in strength may be consid- ered appropriately.</li> <li>(D) Wear limit on hull structural members not provided by this</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(c) Wear limit provided by this annex is based on the require ments and scantlings during construction. Therefore, the wear limit for the structural members which have scantlings larger than the required ones and margin in strength may be con- sidered appropriately.</li> <li>(D) Wear limit on hull structural members not provided by this</li> </ul>	<ul><li>of the Rules.</li><li>No. readjusted</li></ul>
annex follows what is deemed appropriate by the Surveyor. <hereinafter, omitted=""></hereinafter,>	annex follows what is deemed appropriate by the Surveyor. (hereinafter, same as the current Guidance)	

Present	Amendments	Reason
(4) Wear limit of hold hatch cover and hatch coatings of all bulk car- riers, ore carriers and combination carriers which are contracted for construction on or after 1st January 2004 and designed by the Rules Pt 7, Ch 3, Sec 9 is to be determined in accordance with the following requirements.	(4) Wear limit of hold hatch cover and hatch coatings of all bulk car- riers, ore carriers and combination carriers which are contracted for construction on or after 1st January 2004 and designed by the Rules Pt 7, Ch 3, Sec 9 is to be determined in accordance with the following requirements.	
(A) Single skin hatch covers and double skin hatch covers	(A) Single skin hatch covers and double skin hatch covers	
(a) 〈omitted〉	(a) 〈same as the current Guidance〉	
<ul> <li>(b) Where the gauged thickness is worn within the range 1.0 mm and 1.5 mm (t<sub>net</sub>+0.5 mm and t<sub>net</sub>+1.0 mm), coating applied in accordance with coating manufacturer's requirements or annual gauging may be adopted as an alterative to steel renewal. Coating is to be maintained in GOOD condition, as defined in_Ch 2, 101. 16 of the Rules</li> <li>(B) (omitted)</li> </ul>	(b) Where the gauged thickness is worn within the range 1.0 mm and 1.5 mm ( $t_{net}$ +0.5 mm and $t_{net}$ +1.0 mm), coating applied in accordance with coating manufacturer's requirements or annual gauging may be adopted as an alterative to steel renewal. Coating is to be maintained in GOOD condition, as defined in <b>Ch 2, 102.</b> <u>"Coating Condition"</u> <b>101. 16</b> of the Rules (2024)	- updated
	(B) 〈same as the current Guidance〉	
(C) Hatch coamings	(C) Hatch coamings	
(a) 〈omitted〉 (b) Where the gauged thickness is worn within the range 0.5	(a) 〈same as the current Guidance〉	
mm and 1.0 mm ( $t_{net}$ + 0.5 mm and $t_{net}$ + 1.0 mm), coating applied in accordance with coating manufacturer's require- ments or annual gauging may be adopted as an alterative to steel renewal. Coating is to be maintained in GOOD condition, as defined in <b>Ch 2, 101. 16</b> of the Rules	(b) Where the gauged thickness is worn within the range 0.5 mm and 1.0 mm ( $t_{net}$ +0.5 mm and $t_{net}$ +1.0 mm), coating applied in accordance with coating manufacturer's requirements or annual gauging may be adopted as an alterative to steel renewal. Coating is to be maintained in GOOD condition, as defined in in <b>Ch 2, 102.</b> <u>"Coating Condition"</u> <b>101. 16</b> of the Rules (2024)	- updated
(8) The wastage allowances of supporting hull structures associated with towing and mooring, subject to Pt 4, Ch 10 of the Rules, of ships which are keel laid on or after 1st January 2007 are <u>not to</u> <u>exceed the corrosion addition as specified in Pt 4, Ch 10, 201. 6</u> <u>and 202. 6</u> of the Rules.	(8) The wastage allowances of supporting hull structures associated with towing and mooring, subject to Pt 4, Ch 10 of the Rules, of ships which are keel laid on or after 1st January 2007 are not to exceed the corrosion addition as specified in Pt 4, Ch 10, 204. Corrosion addition and 205. Wear allowance 201. 6 and 202. 6 of the Rules. (2024)	- updated
〈hereinafter, omitted〉	(hereinafter, same as the current Guidance)	

Present	Amendments	Reason
<ul> <li>3. Methods of Thickness Measurement</li> <li>An essential part of most surveys is the determination of the residual thickness of the structure in critical areas. Ultrasonic thickness gauging by pulse echo method is used almost exclusively for this purpose. However, measuring by drilled holes may also be acceptable. As a method of thickness measurement, where ultrasonic thickness gauging methods are used, attention is to be paid to the following:</li> <li>(1) Surface condition</li> <li>Surfaces upon which the probe makes contact are to be sufficiently free from scale, loose paint, corroded surfaces or other foreign matters to the extent that their presence does not result in inaccurate readings when acoustic couplants such as glycerine or glycerine-water solutions are used during inspection. In special cases, readings through paint film by a special instrument may be accepted.</li> <li>(2) Couplants <ul> <li>It is essential that good acoustic contact is achieved between the probe and the surface of the plate being measured. Therefore, acoustic couplants(e.g., coupling fluid; 75 % glycerine-water solutions or glycerine) between the probe and surface of material are usually used for better achievements. Where the direction of contact surfaces is vertical or overhead, a paste or liquid with suitable viscosity may be used to prevent acoustic couplants from dropping.</li> <li>(3) Calibrations</li> <li>An instrument is to be calibrated with a reference calibration standard each time it is used, and it is to be recalibrated wheneever equipment calibration is suspected of being in error.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li><b>3. Methods of Thickness Measurement</b></li> <li>An essential part of most surveys is the determination of the residual thickness of the structure in critical areas. Ultrasonic thickness gauging by pulse echo method is used almost exclusively for this purpose. However, measuring by drilled holes may also be acceptable. As a method of thickness measurement, where ultrasonic thickness gauging methods are used, attention is to be paid to the following:</li> <li>(1) Surface condition Surfaces upon which the probe makes contact are to be sufficiently free from scale, loose paint, corroded surfaces or other foreign matters to the extent that their presence does not result in inaccurate readings when acoustic couplants such as glycerine or glycerine water solutions are used during inspection. In special cases, readings through paint film by a special instrument may be accepted. </li> <li>(2) Couplants It is essential that good acoustic contact is achieved between the probe and the surface of the plate being measured. Therefore, acoustic couplants(e.g., coupling fluid; 75% glycerine water solutions or glycerine) between the probe and surface of material are usually used for better achievements. Where the direction of contact surfaces is vertical or overhead, a paste or liquid with suitable viscosity may be used to prevent acoustic couplants from dropping: </li> <li>(3) Calibrations An instrument is to be calibrated with a reference calibration standard each time it is used, and it is to be recalibrated when ever equipment calibration is suspected of being in error. </li> </ul>	3. Introduced in 1988. Delete All : More up-to-date requirements, including <b>Rec. 77</b> (Guidelines for the Surveyor on How to Control the Thickness Measurement(TM) Process) and <b>PR19</b> (Procedural Requirement for TMs), are mentioned in <b>Pt 2</b> , <b>Ch 2, 103. "Guidance</b> for the method on how to perform all TMs for hull structural members" of the Instruction for the Classification Survey. In addition, there are some requirements in Ch 2, 111. "Procedures for TMs", 2. and 115. "Preparations for survey", 1. (3).
<ul> <li><u>4. Location of Thickness Measurement</u> <ol> <li>Thickness measurements for suspect area             <u>At each Special Survey, the thickness gaugings may be required             as a result of Close-up Survey in suspect areas(i.e., locations             showing substantial corrosion and/or considered by the Surveyor             to be prone to rapid wastage). Details are given in Table 2.             </u></li> <li>(hereinafter, omitted)</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3. 4: Location of Thickness Measurement</li> <li>(1) Thickness measurements for suspect area At each Special Survey; The thickness gaugings may be required as a result of Close-up Survey in suspect areas(i.e., locations showing substantial corrosion and/or considered by the Surveyor to be prone to rapid wastage). Details are given in Table 2. (2024) (hereinafter, same as the current Guidance)</li> </ul>	- No. readjusted. - updated

Present	Amendments	Reason
Annex 1–5 Thickness Measurement Method for Hull Structural Members	Annex 1–5 Thickness Measurement Method for Hull Structural Members	- At the request of Dry Cargo Ship
Table 3-1 Location and number of thickness measuring points - Non-CSR Ships (continued)	Table 3-1 Location and number of thickness measuring points - Non-CSR Ships (continued)	- 2454-2022, 2022.10.24.)
		: to add a figure where hatch coamings are included in the longitudinal strength members, such as a container ship
<pre>     ⟨Figure added⟩     (Notes) It may also apply to other type of transverse section.     <u>\Newly added⟩     Fig 5 Locations of measurements on transverse section of         general ships         \hereinafter, omitted⟩ </u></pre>	(Notes) It may also apply to other type of transverse section. In addition, where hatch coamings are included in the longitudinal strength member, such as a container ship, the right-hand transverse section may be applied. Fig 5 Locations of measurements on transverse section of general ships (2024) (hereinafter, same as the current Guidance)	



	Present		Amendments	Reason	
Table 5 Extent of thickness measurements at Special Survey - Other Ships (continued)			ent of thickness measurements at Special Survey Other Ships (continued)	<ul> <li>Clarify the picture for wind and water strakes</li> </ul>	
No. of Special Survey	Extent and location of measurement	No. of Special Survey	Extent and location of measurement		
Special Survey No. 4 and Subsequent		Special Survey No. 4 and Subsequent <u>(2024)</u>			
	(1) ~ (4) 〈omitted〉		(1) ~ (4) 〈same as the current Guidance〉		
	(5) Full length, selected wind and water strakes		(5) Full length, selected wind and water strakes		
	(6) ~ (7) 〈omitted〉		(6) ~ (7) 〈same as the current Guidance〉		
(NOTES) <o< td=""><td>mitted&gt;</td><td>(NOTES) &lt;</td><td>same as the current Guidance&gt;</td><td></td></o<>	mitted>	(NOTES) <	same as the current Guidance>		
(her	reinafter, omitted>	<he< td=""><td>reinafter, same as the current Guidance&gt;</td><td></td></he<>	reinafter, same as the current Guidance>		
































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# (4) Effective date : 1 July 2024

(Date of which application for survey is submitted)

- External Opinion Inquiry carried out between 24 Jan. and 7 Feb. 2024

Present	Amendment	Note
CHAPTER 1 CLASSIFICATION	CHAPTER 1 CLASSIFICATION	
Section 4 Classification Survey after Construction (2023)	Section 4 Classification Survey after Construction (2023)	IACS PR1A (Rev.9
401. ~ 402. (omitted)	401. ~ 402. (same as the current Guidance)	Aug 2023) reflected
403. Classification Survey of ships classed by other classes or TOC(Transfer of Classification) <i>(2020)</i> [See Rule]	403. Classification Survey of ships classed by other classes or TOC(Transfer of Classification) <i>(2020)</i> [See Rule]	
<pre>(omitted)</pre>	<same as="" current="" guidance="" the=""></same>	
1. ~ 3. 〈omitted〉	1. ~ 3. (same as the current Guidance)	
4. Classification Survey	4. Classification Survey	
<pre>{omitted}</pre>	<same as="" current="" guidance="" the=""></same>	
(1) When a ship is classed by the Society as a results of transfer of class	(1) When a ship is classed by the Society as a results of transfer of class	
(A) 〈omitted〉	(A) 〈same as the current Guidance〉	
(a) Hull Classification Survey	(a) Hull Classification Survey	
(i) ~ (ii) <omitted></omitted>	(i) ~ (ii) 〈same as the current Guidance〉	
(iii) For vessels of 10 years of age and above but less than 20 years of age, the survey is to include the scope of an Annual Survey and inspection of a repre- sentative number of ballast spaces and cargo spaces, except for: (2019)	(iii) For vessels of 10 years of age and above but less than 20 years of age, the survey is to include the scope of an Annual Survey and inspection of a repre- sentative number of ballast spaces and cargo spaces, except for: (2019)	
<ol> <li>(omitted)</li> </ol>	(1) (same as the current Guidance)	
② For <u>chemical tankers</u> of 10 years of age and above but less than 15 years of age, in lieu of an internal inspection of cargo tanks without in- ternal stiffening and framing, inspections of surrounding ballast tank(s) and void spaces and deck structure, are to be applied.	② For <u>oil tankers and</u> chemical tankers of 10 years of age and above but less than 15 years of age, in lieu of an internal inspection of cargo tanks without internal stiffening and framing, inspections of surrounding ballast tank(s) and void spaces and deck structure, are to be applied. (2024)	<ul> <li>Extension of the application to include</li> <li>Oil Tankers</li> <li>Product Carrier is deleted because she is one kind of</li> </ul>
<pre> (hereinafter, omitted)</pre>	(hereinafter, same as the current Guidance)	Oil Tanker.

Present	Amendment	Note
Annex 1–17 Laid–up and recommissioning of ships <i>(2018)</i>	Annex 1–17 Laid-up and recommissioning of ships <i>(2018)</i>	- At the request by the Survey Team by
Section 2 Surveys	Section 2 Surveys	phone on 21 Dec. 2023
201. Laid-up survey 〈omitted〉	201. Laid-up survey (same as the current Guidance)	: Since the Instruction for the Classification
202. Re-commissioning survey	202. Re-commissioning survey	Survey is confidential,
1. ~ 10. (omitted)	1. ~ 10. (same as the current Guidance)	it is considered more
<b>11.</b> On completion of the above surveys, following tests are to be performed.	<b>11.</b> On completion of the above surveys, following tests are to be performed.	appropriate to mention it according to the
(1) For passenger ships, sea-trial is to be carried out and <u>survey</u> <u>details are referred to</u> Sec. 605, Ch. 4, Pt. 2 of Instruction for the Classification Survey.	(1) For passenger ships, sea-trial is to be carried out and survey details are to be applied for the separate requirements as speci- fied by the Society. (2024) referred to Sec. 605, Ch. 4, Pt. 2-of Instruction for the Classification Survey.	existing practice rather than directly mentioning the relevant clause.
(2) In addition to function tests for each machinery installations, en- gine trial and when deemed unnecessary, sea trial under attend- ance of the Surveyor, to be performed.	(2) In addition to function tests for each machinery installations, en- gine trial and when deemed unnecessary, sea trial under attend- ance of the Surveyor, to be performed.	
<pre></pre>	(hereinafter, same as the current Guidance)	

### (Fianl version)

## Amended Rules for the Classification of Steel Ships (Part 1 Classification and Surveys)



Feb. 2024

#### - Main Amendments -

- (1) Background of Amendment
  - 1) For Offshore Support Vessels (OSVs), wind turbine installation vessels equipped with self-elevating unit are changed to Mobile Offshore Units, and class notations are also assigned to Mobile Offshore Units.
- (2) Revised content : See the below table
- (3) Effective date : ships contracted for construction on or after 1 July 2024

Present			Amendments				Reason	
Ship Types	Special Featu	re Notations	Remarks	Ship Types	Special Featu	re Notations	Remarks	-Added Special Feature N
<pre>(omitted)</pre>			〈same as the current Guidance〉			e offshore unit		
22. Mobile Offshore	A(Type)	B(Purpose)		22. Mobile Offshore	A(Type)	B(Purpose)		
Unit	Self-elevating Column-stabilized Ship Type Barge Type	Crane Accommodation Floating Pier Plant <i>(2024)</i> <u>(Newly added)</u>		Unit	Self-elevating Column-stabilized Ship Type Barge Type	Crane Accommodation Floating Pier Plant <i>(2024)</i> <u>WTIMR<i>(2024)</i></u>		
23. Mobile Offshore	Mobile Offshore Drilling Unit Self-elevating Column-stabilized Ship Type Barge Type			23. Mobile Offshore	A(Ty	vpe)		
Drilling Unit			Drilling Unit Self-elevating Column-stabilized Ship Type Barge Type					
	(omitted)	>		Śs	ame as the curren	t Guidance>		
	<pre>(hereinafter</pre>	, omitted>		〈he	reinafter, same as <sup>-</sup>	the current Guidan	ce〉	

#### - Main Amendments -

#### (1) Effective date : 1 July 2024 (Date of which the application for survey is submitted)

• Reflecting necessary requirement when applying rules

• Clarification of applicable vessel for notation 'AFP-C(EV)'

## (1) Effective date : 1 July 2024

(Date of which application for survey is submitted)

Present	Amendments	Reason
CHAPTER 2 PERIODICAL AND OTHER SURVEYS	CHAPTER 2 PERIODICAL AND OTHER SURVEYS	
Section 2 Annual Survey	Section 2 Annual Survey 204. Additional requirements to ship types (2024) 3. Liquefied gas carriers : (2024) (1) In application to 204. 3 (55) of the Rules, application of ap- propriate protective screens/devices to prevent the passage of flame should be considered to Pt 7, Ch 5, 802. 15 of the Rules. [See Rule] (2024)	
<herein after,="" omitted=""></herein>	<herein after,="" as="" present="" same=""></herein>	

	Present		Reason	
Annex 1-1 Class Notations 1. Class Notations 1.1 Ship Type and Special Feature Notations		Anr 1. Class Notatio 1.1 Ship Type and S	Amendment to designate the criteria for application of the requirements of Appendix 8-9 402.3.	
(Omission ship type	notation	<pre>{same as the curren</pre>	Part 8 Class Rules as "Cars or	
Additional Special Feature Notations	Relevant Requirements	Additional Special Feature Notations	Relevant Requirements	car/truck-only carriers assigned '
<omission></omission>	<omission></omission>	<omission></omission>	<omission></omission>	PCC' notation"
AFP-C AFP-C(1) AFP-C(2) AFP-C(3) AFP-C(FSC) AFP-C(EV) <i>(2022)</i>	<ul> <li>AFP-C : to ships comply with the related requirements specified in Pt 8,Annex 8-9, Sec.4 of the Guidance.</li> <li>AFP-C(1): to container ships where cargo space in ac cordance with the re-quirements specified in Pt 8,Annex 8-9, Sec.4 405. 2 of the Guidance.</li> <li>AFP-C(2): to container ships where cargo space in accordance with the re-quirements specified in Pt 8,Annex 8-9, Sec.4 405. 3 of the Guidance.</li> <li>AFP-C(3): to container ships where cargo space in accordance with the re-quirements specified in Pt 8,Annex 8-9, Sec.4 405. 3 of the Guidance.</li> <li>AFP-C(3): to container ships where cargo space in accordance with the re-quirements specified in Pt 8,Annex 8-9, Sec.4 405. 4 of the Guidance.</li> <li>AFP-C(FSC) : to container ships where cargo space in accordance with the requirements specified in Pt 8,Annex 8-9, Sec.4 405. 5 of the Guidance.</li> <li>AFP-C(EV) : to ro-ro ships and vehicle carriers where cargo space in accordance with the requirements specified in Pt 8,Annex 8-9, Sec.4 402. 3 of the Guidance.</li> </ul>	AFP-C AFP-C(1) AFP-C(2) AFP-C(3) AFP-C(FSC) AFP-C(EV) <i>(2022)</i>	<ul> <li>AFP-C : to ships comply with the related requirements specified in Pt 8, Annex 8-9, Sec.4 of the Guidance.</li> <li>AFP-C(1): to container ships where cargo space in ac cordance with the re-quirements specified in Pt 8, Annex 8-9, Sec.4 405. 2 of the Guidance.</li> <li>AFP-C(2): to container ships where cargo space in accordance with the re-quirements specified in Pt 8, Annex 8-9, Sec.4 405. 3 of the Guidance.</li> <li>AFP-C(3): to container ships where cargo space in accordance with the re-quirements specified in Pt 8, Annex 8-9, Sec.4 405. 3 of the Guidance.</li> <li>AFP-C(3): to container ships where cargo space in accordance with the re-quirements specified in Pt 8, Annex 8-9, Sec.4 405. 4 of the Guidance.</li> <li>AFP-C(FSC) : to container ships where cargo space in accordance with the requirements specified in Pt 8, Annex 8-9, Sec.4 405. 5 of the Guidance.</li> <li>AFP-C(EV) : to container ships and vehicle carriers to PCC notation assigned pure car carriers or pure car/truck carriers where cargo space in accordance with the requirements of pure car carriers of pure car/truck carriers</li> </ul>	
<omission></omission>	<omission></omission>	<omission></omission>	fied in Pt 8, Annex 8-9, Sec.4 402. 3 of the Guidance.	

### - Main Amendments -

(1) Effective Date : 1 July 2024(construction contract date)

Reflecting the request for Introduction of new classification notations related to the IP CODE (STS6000-8-2024)
 Establishment of new classification notations applicable to ships complying with the IP Code

	Present			Note	
(Remarks) <sup>(35)</sup> : The following Additional Special Feature Notations are to be appended to ships complying with the relevant requirements. The Additional Special Feature Notations are to be located under Service Restriction Notations of Hull after Special Feature Notations regardless whether they are hull items or machinery items. <i>(2023)</i>			(Remarks) <sup>(35)</sup> : The following Additional Special Feature Notations are to be appended to ships complying with the relevant requirements. The Additional Special Feature Notations are to be located under Service Restriction Notations of Hull after Special Feature Notations regardless whether they are hull items or machinery items. <i>(2023)</i>		
Additional Special Feature Notations	Relevant Requirements		Additional Special Feature Notations	Relevant Requirements	
(omitted)	⟨omitted⟩		(omitted)	⟨omitted⟩	
SPS	to ships comply with the Code of Safety for Special Purpose Ships(SPS Code).		SPS	to ships comply with the Code of Safety for Special Purpose Ships(SPS Code).	
(newly added)	<newly added=""></newly>		<u>IP</u>	to ships comply with the Code of Safety for Ships Carrying Industrial Personnel(IP Code).	
Grab	to ships where cargo holds are protected from loading/discharge equipment in accordance with the requirements specified in <b>Pt 7, Annex 7-7, 2</b> of the Guidance.		Grab	to ships where cargo holds are protected from loading/discharge equipment in accordance with the requirements specified in <b>Pt 7, Annex 7-7, 2</b> of the Guidance.	
<pre>(omitted)</pre>	<pre>(omitted)</pre>		<pre>(omitted)</pre>	<pre>(omitted)</pre>	